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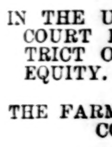

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NOTICE.

IN THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA, IN EQUITY.

THE FARMERS LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
vs.
THE CAPE FEAR AND YADKIN VALLEY R'Y CO. *et al*:

ORDER OF COURT.

Upon the foregoing petition and exhibits, it is this seventh day of July, 1899, ordered by the court that the said John Gill, as principal, and the said Charles D. Fisher and John McHenry, as sureties, be discharged from all responsibility upon the bond of the said receiver, executed on the 3rd day of April, 1894, unless cause be shown to the contrary by the seventh day of August, 1899, provided, a copy of this order be published by the Special Master in three newspapers published in the State of North Carolina, selected by said Special Master, requiring all parties in said matters to appear in this court and show cause to the contrary on or before said date.

[Signed] CHARLES H. SIMONTON, Circuit Judge.

The foregoing Order of Court is published, as directed therein, and all parties interested in said matter are hereby notified and required to appear in said court on or before the said 7th day of August, 1899, and show cause to the contrary, if any they have.

Wilmington, N. C., July 8th, 1899.
E. S. MARTIN, Special Master.
1aw4w

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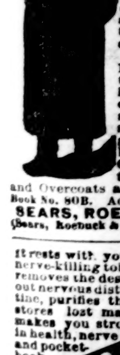

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AMERICAN TEA.

Under the above caption the Raleigh Post contains the following:

"From the Philadelphia Ledger we learn: 'It is announced that American grown tea was placed on the market in New York for the first time in the history of the country this week. This is a very important and interesting event, and may mark the substantial beginning of a great industry in the South. For years the Agricultural Department has believed that conditions were favorable in certain Southern localities for the profitable growth of tea, and urged that practical experiments be made. The product put on the market this week was grown at Pinehurst, about twenty miles from Charleston, S. C., and in quality is of such a high grade that it is said to have brought a better price than the rarest variety of Chinese or Japanese tea. The experience of the planter is certain to give an impetus to tea growing in the South, and its success would be a great triumph for the Department of Agriculture.' A few years ago, if we are not greatly mistaken, we heard of the experiment being made in tea culture at or near Fayetteville, in this State. Can our contemporary, the Observer, give us particulars thereon? If tea of good quality can be produced near Charleston, as seems from the above is done, we are quite sure our lower cape Fear section, indeed quite all of our eastern section of the State, can produce it. It is well worth investigation."

Tea culture in Cumberland is not an experiment: it has been successfully cultivated, and of very high quality, at Eutaw, the place of Mrs. James Smith, two miles west of Fayetteville, for a number of years.

A great many articles on the subject of tea culture, editorial and otherwise, have appeared in the OBSERVER from time to time. The one which will probably best answer our Raleigh contemporary's inquiry appeared in the form of a "local" in the OBSERVER of November 15, 1894. It was written by General LeDuc, then a resident of Fayetteville, who, it will be remembered, was the first United States Commissioner of Agriculture, an office subsequently advanced to the Cabinet grade with the title of "Secretary of Agriculture," as at present. The article was as follows:

Tea Culture at the South.

A reporter for the Home Journal, a New York family paper, published Oct. 24, 1894, manages to inject into an eighteen line paragraph six misstatements, one for every three lines, He should be set for a photo, illustrating Truthful Jeems. It says, "Mrs. Daniel Butterfield, wife of General Butterfield, with her accustomed interest in everything tending to promote the growth of home productions, gave a tea last week at the beautiful Cragside, her country seat on the Hudson, to introduce to her friends the first American tea. It was sent to her by General LeDuc, from South Carolina, where it was grown by Prof. Chas. Shepard, who was formerly in the Agricultural Department at Washington. From the Department Prof. Shepard obtained his first plants, and commenced a small nursery which is now increasing, and he will soon be able to grow tea in commercial quantities. The flavor is most delicious, like the finest English breakfast tea. Its cost will be about half that of the imported article."

The first American grown tea was grown and made by a physician who had been in China, and who brought plants to Georgia and there engaged in tea planting and making, in a small way, until interrupted by his untimely death. His tea garden was entirely neglected and grew up to young forest trees, among which the tea shrubs lived and thrived, bearing crops of seed annually. These seed were distributed through the country to individuals gathering them as curiosities, and also by the Department of Agriculture at Washington, buying and sprouting and distributing the plants. In 1878, 1879 and 1880 the then Commissioner of Agriculture imported seed of the best varieties of tea plants from China, Japan and India, and employed a Scotchman named Jackson, who had been superintendent of large gardens in India, to start a tea garden in America. A proper selection of land was made near Summerville, S. C., and 200 acres were leased to the United States for twenty years for one dollar by Mr. Henry Middleton, of Charleston, S. C. The imported seed were planted by Mr. Jackson, on a portion of this tract, and from the nursery thus established many thousand plants have been taken. The Commissioner of Agriculture who succeeded the one referred to above, abandoned the tea growing experiment, and the property in a few years back fell into the hands of Prof. Shepard, who is now growing tea for market. A lady at Georgetown, S. C., has also made a few pounds of tea for several years, and Mrs. James Smith, at "Eutaw," near this city, has a tea garden of 200 plants from which she makes tea every year, more or less, and for sale. She sells at $1.00 a pound, and could sell a thousand times more than she makes. It was the tea made by Mrs. Smith and also some made by Professor Shepard that attracted the attention, and contributed to the pleasure, of the elegant and accomplished mistress of Cragside and her friends. Let it be known that tea growing is far more profitable than cotton growing, and that a tea garden once established is good for 30 to 40 years, and will produce when at its best 300 pounds of tea to the acre, and intelligent farmers will make trial of it as some are now doing in this vicinity.

THE OBSERVER FELICITATES ITSELF, AND THE PEOPLE OF FAYETTEVILLE.

In the OBSERVER of January 10th, 1895, appeared the following:

LET US HAVE A CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Now that the eyes of the whole investment world are turned upon the South and while capitalists are searching for suitable sites for cotton factories, etc., we would suggest to the citizens of Fayetteville to form a Chamber of Commerce, for only through a medium of this kind can we well hope to attract strangers. It could set forth our vast advantages with authority and see that such efforts reached the proper persons. It will be of incalculable benefit to this whole section.

The OBSERVER, by correspondence, got together a lot of constitutions, &c., for such an institution, and shortly after the Fayetteville Chamber of Commerce was organized. Almost its first work was the negotiation, through Mr. James M. Williams, with the Messrs. Holt for the establishment here of one of their factories. The result has been the splendid Holt-Morgan Mill and the Holt-Williamson Mill, completed and running on full time, and the Silk Mill and Tolar-Hart-Holt Mill nearly completed. The establishment of these mills, in addition to the one already running (the Fayetteville Mill), coupled with the six mills in the County, several of which have recently received important improvements, fixes Fayetteville as a future manufacturing centre of large proportions.

THE TOBACCO MOVEMENT.

We began urging the planting of tobacco upon our farmers in 1883, and have kept it up with some intermissions ever since. In the OBSERVER of February 27th, 1896, we advanced a step and urged the establishment of a tobacco warehouse, so that this might be made a tobacco market. In that issue appeared the following:

A TOBACCO WAREHOUSE.

Let us have a tobacco warehouse. We are assured by people well versed in the tobacco business that a warehouse would be a paying investment and, more than that, that it would be a boon to this whole section. Do our people know that there is not a tobacco warehouse between Wilson and South Carolina and that tobacco passes through this city every day hunting a market? It would not only bring tobacco here but stimulate its growth for miles on every side of us.

Mr. W. N. Williams is planting 40 acres in this most profitable weed. He has two expert tobacco growers from Pennsylvania tending the land. Pick out a tobacco growing section and there you will find prosperity. Fine tobacco is being grown on land not as good as ours. One thousand pounds can be produced to the acre bringing five cents a pound.

And in the OBSERVER of August 27th of the same year (1896) appeared the following:

TOBACCO! TOBACCO!!

Why can't we have a tobacco market here as well as Wilson, Rocky Mount, Rockingham and Greenville? We have been harping on this for a long time and we are going to keep at it till we succeed. Eight million pounds were marketed last year at Wilson, seven million at Rocky Mount, and over six million at Greenville. At 10 cents a pound, you can see what a pile of ready cash that puts afloat in those communities, which are also cotton towns like Fayetteville.

Mr. W. J. McDonald exhibited Thursday to an OBSERVER reporter a sample of the ten thousand pounds cured by him on his Wakulla farm this season. The sample was of tobacco worth 40 cents per pound, and all of that grade will have to be sent to Danville or other leading markets to find a buyer. It looked to us like the finest grade of Virginia tobacco—golden in color and stout in texture. * * *. In Cumberland we have several pioneers of the movement for renewing the cultivation of tobacco, viz: Messrs. W. N. and R. L. Williams and others.

There is no doubt of their success, they say it is assured.

These are but samples of the scores of tobacco articles which we were continually publishing. For a long time we met with anything but encouragement in our efforts. A year ago, with the publication of the details of Mr. James Evans's remarkable success with his well cured six barns in Gray's Creek, which Sheriff Burns brought to our attention, a revolution set in in the sentiment of the farmers; some seven hundred acres were planted in tobacco; and here we are on the eve of the opening of our new Tobacco Warehouse, which, we think, means the launching of our old town on a career of great prosperity.

Look at Wilson, Rocky Mount, Greenville and Kinston. These towns were rather sleepy, ordinary North Carolina neighborhood centres. Look at them now. They have sprung forward like magic. In the article quoted above it is stated that the sales at Wilson the previous year (1895) amounted to eight million pounds at 10 cents a pound, or $800,000. Last year, we were recently informed, the sales there brought $1,250,000. We presume the sales at the other places mentioned have increased in like proportion. What a change will be wrought in our condition when we begin to turn loose several hundreds of thousands of dollars among our merchants, during the now dull period which used to be bridged over by the turpentine money.

Take heart, good friends. In the language of Pier and Brannin, "Fayetteville is *Bound* to Shine"!

THE IMPERIAL POLICY.

A few years ago, when Mr. Cleveland and his Secretary Olney were threatening to arrest the Editor of the New York World for sedition, and were actually claiming that the ceremonial duty, prescribed in the Constitution, of "receiving" "ambassadors and other public ministers" conferred upon the Executive the right to recognize or to refuse to recognize the sovereignty of foreign states, the OBSERVER was assailed in a number of quarters, beyond the State as well as in it, for declaring that there was a powerful element of our population bent on Imperialism. Our excellent and well-meaning contemporaries indulged in no end of fun at the OBSERVER'S expense for conjuring up such a hobgoblin. It is the OBSERVER'S time to laugh now—or, it would be, if the realization of its fears were not cause for the tears of all good men.

Events have passed so rapidly since Mr. Cleveland forced the war issue by refusing to recognize the Cuban belligerency resolutions of Congress, that the public mind seems to have been stunned by the repeated shocks. Yet here we are, in the brief space of four years, face to face with the veritable issue of "Imperialism" or "Republicanism." It is not disputed, but, on the contrary, the issue is taking form with each day.

Every now and then the suggestion is thrown out that, before this issue can be crystalized by another presidential campaign, the war in the Philippines will have been brought to a close. As we have so often said, we very much doubt whether the Filipinos can be subdued with any force short of one which the administration would not as yet dare to call for. If that be so, we must look for an explanation of the administration's extraordinary course to some other motive than to one resting on the courageous belief that it can soon conquer a peace.

As General Bradley Johnson says, the present war, like the invasion of the South in 1861, is a contractors' war, and that phase of it is being worked for all it is worth. But we have no doubt that the ulterior aim is a subversion of our form of government. The mere attitude which we present to the struggling Filipinos is that of an imperial power. Otis's prevarication and despotic censorship of the press are but evidences of the imperial spirit. And now comes an ominous growl from Cuba. Cuban veterans of the late war against Spain held a meeting, the other day, in Havana; declared themselves the only legal representative of the Cuban revolution; and passed a resolution demanding that the United States declare whether or not they intend abiding by the resolution passed by Congress in April, 1898. This will force matters sooner or later to a head, though, strange as it may seem to those who respect the administration, the latter takes no notice of this reasonable demand.

Meanwhile, we repeat the view several times expressed heretofore, viz: that the administration desires a state of war. In that lies the opportunity of Imperialists.

Mr. Bryan on the Committee Meeting.

Mr. Bryan has written the following letter:

ST. LOUIS, July 22.

To W. R. Hearst, Editor of the Journal, New York:

Dear Sir:—In answer to your inquiry I beg to say that the meeting of the Democratic National committee held at Chicago last Thursday was not only entirely harmonious, but was also productive of great good.

The meeting was called by Senator Jones, at the suggestion of the conference held at St. Louis some two months ago, and its object was to organize for the campaign of 1900. It will be remembered that the dissensions within the party, and the fact that the National committee was not in harmony with the rank and file of the party, delayed campaign work in 1896 until after the national convention adjourned. Even then it required considerable time to reorganize the committee and collect the necessary funds. In fact, it was several weeks before the machinery of the party could be put in motion. This delay will not occur next year. The committee now reflects the sentiment of the party throughout the country, and the organization is now harmonious. There is every promise that the committee will have in hand a campaign fund of reasonable proportions when the next national convention meets.

At the meeting just held ex-Governor Stone, of Missouri, was elected vice-chairman of the committee, and will be the official head of the committee until Chairman Jones returns from Europe. Nothing could be more unfair than the partisan attempt to make it appear that Senator Jones was ignored by the committee. He was consulted at every step, and no one stands closer to him than Governor Stone, who temporarily presided over the deliberations of the committee.

The members of the committee have been solicitous about the health of Senator Jones since his sickness of last February, but at no time has there been the least disagreement between him and them.

The new rule adopted last Thursday provides for the appointment of an executive committee of eleven, of which Chairman Jones will be ex-officio chairman; a Ways and Means committee of seven, and a Press committee. The committees will be appointed at an early day, and the campaign of 1900 will begin in earnest.

While the committee has no authority to promulgate the platform, and did not attempt to do so at its recent meeting, it was evident from the representations brought by the members of the committee from their respective States that the sentiment in favor of the reaffirmation of the Chicago platform is so overwhelming that all opposition is likely to disappear before the convention is called to order.

Upon the anti-trust plank there will be no disagreement, and upon the question of imperialism very little. The Senators and members of Congress early last spring placed the party on record in favor of the Bacon resolution, and there is no doubt that they voiced the sentiments of the voters.

The work of the Ways and Means committee was indorsed and the collection of funds will be pushed. It is to be hoped that the Democratic papers will keep the matter before the public. The party cannot appeal to the classes that enjoy special privileges. Since it aims to protect all citizens in the enjoyment of life and liberty and in the pursuit of happiness and to give favors to none, it must look to the multitude rather than to the few for financial support. If every Democratic voter would send $1 to the Ways and Means committee, the committee would have money enough to circulate literature, perfect an organization reaching down to the voting precincts and aid in the establishment of newspapers at important points where local support is insufficient. But as it is impossible to secure contributions from every voter, Mr. Harvey's plan of securing pledges of $1 or more per month from those who can be reached, promises to place the committee in a better position to do effective work than it was at any time during the last campaign. If all the voters realize how completely Republican politics are controlled by the large contributors to the Republican campaign fund, we would have no difficulty in securing from the plain people all the money necessary for legitimate campaign work.

W. J. BRYAN.

Bryan Knows no Difference Between Democrats Who Loyally Accept the Democratic Platform.

A dispatch from St. Louis of Saturday's date says:

Hon. William J. Bryan to-night gave to the Associated Press a letter written to Urey Woodson, national democratic committeeman for Kentucky, bearing upon the factional differences arising in the ranks of the democratic party in Kentucky through the nomination of W. M. Goebel for governor, at Louisville, several weeks ago. Speaking of the Louisville convention, Mr. Bryan says:

"I noted with deep regret the bitterness which characterized the contest for the gubernatorial nomination and studiously avoided saying or doing anything which could be construed as an expression of preference between the candidates, all of whom I know personally, and all of whom were outspoken supporters of the Chicago platform.

"I did not then, nor shall I now discuss the relative merits of the candidates; neither am I sufficiently informed upon the facts to sit in judgment upon the conduct of the convention which placed the ticket in the field. The only objection I feel called upon to consider at the time is one urged by a number of friends whose sincerity I cannot doubt, but with whose opinion I cannot agree, namely, that the election of Mr. Goebel would endanger the success of democratic principles as enunciated in the Chicago platform."

Mr. Bryan then goes on at great length to show Mr. Goebel's loyalty to the Chicago platform, and expresses a desire that all gold democrats shall return to the party fold, provided they will accept the democratic platform and support candidates pledged to it.

In conclusion he says:

"Certainly a victory won upon the platform adopted by the Louisville convention cannot do harm, but what shall we say of a defeat? If the republican state ticket is elected the republicans in Kentucky and elsewhere will be encouraged and the fight in 1900 made harder. If the democratic state ticket is defeated a republican senator may be elected from that state. The senator elected by the next legislature will serve throughout the next administration. What shall it profit us if we elected a president and house of representatives and have a hostile senate to obstruct the legislation. Silver cannot be restored, the trusts cannot be overthrown. The imperial policy of the republican party cannot be brought to an end until the senate and the executive are all taken out of the hands of the republican party. We are engaged in a great contest between plutocracy and democracy, a contest which may decide finally whether English financiers or American voters shall control our financial policy; whether our government shall be a government of trusts or a government of the people; whether our nation shall remain a republic or become an empire.

"In answer to those who urge that Mr. Goebel's election would be detrimental to the cause of bimetallism, and to me personally, I deem it my duty to to say that I have no personal or political interests that deserve to be considered when democratic principles are at stake and that in my judgment the cause of democracy would be injured by the defeat of a democratic ticket nominated upon a platform which unqualifiedly endorses the Chicago platform."

Howell Answers Thurber.

Atlanta Constitution.

At a Bohemian smoker given by the entertainment committee at night to the guests attending the convention Clark Howell made an address, in which he replied to the speech of F. B. Thurber, of New York, which was read here yesterday.

Mr. Howell declared that the conditions which Mr. Thurber said existed in the South were no worse than in any other section of the country. He said that the ruin of certain valuable property in Georgia was not due to the repudiation of obligations of the Southern people, but to the manipulations of Wall street brokers.

He condemned lynching in the South and said that mob violence in this section was not as bad as in Illinois, where negroes were shot down for coming in honest competition with white labor. Mr. Howell emphasized the statement that any complaint Mr. Thurber made of the South applied equally as well to the other sections.

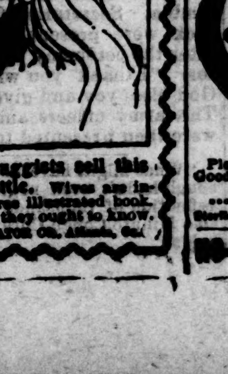
An Epidemic of Diarrhoea.

Mr. A. Sanders, writing from Cocoanut Grove, Fla., says there has been quite an epidemic of diarrhoea there. He had a severe attack and was cured by four doses of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He says he also recommended it to others and they say it is the best medicine they ever used. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

A Wrong Notion



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Dewey at Trieste.

A cable from Trieste says:

This being the first European port at which the cruiser Olympia has touched since leaving Manila, officers and men are glad to be in civilization and so much nearer home.

They are to be met in the corridors of the Hotel de la Ville or driving about in the surroundings of this picturesque though rather hot place, enjoying the pleasures of the shore after their long sea trip. A pretty drive is along the water's edge to Miramir Castle, once the residence of the unfortunate Maximilian.

A favorite on the Olympia is the Admiral's Chinese dog Bole, which made the sea voyage all the way from China. The other day it amused itself by jumping from the bridge down on the heads of some of the men standing on the deck.

The Olympia's sides are a little rusty and the cylinder heads in the engine room are coated with salt where spray has dashed over the sides of the vessel down into the engines, but she makes a fine figure in the little port of Trieste. The average speed thus far from Manila has been about 12 knots, but she can go more than 21.

Among the Admiral's callers has been General Loretts, commander of the garrison here. As the General's steam launch left the Olympia she stopped about 150 yards off while a salute was being fired. The General, in gray military coat, rose to his feet and remained standing with his hand to his gold-tipped hat with large green plume, until the salute was finished. Then came H. L. Churchill, Lucien Barry and Herr Staunius, the English, French and German Consuls, respectively, each receiving nine guns on leaving the Olympia.

When asked about his trip as a whole the Admiral said:

"It was a fine voyage. Of course it is usually a little rough crossing the Indian ocean."

The Olympia has marks showing that she was struck twice in the fight at Cavite, once forward and again by a small shell, which burst on the after quarter, making a few splinters, but doing no real damage.

A Well Known Colored Educator Goes to the Root of the Negro Problem.

Correspondence of the Observer.

MR. EDITOR:—If there ever was a time when men and women who essay to teach the negro youth, should be of high character and unquestioned morals, it is now. Now, when we see so many evidences of a want of moral stamina in the fibre and texture of negro character. Now, when the occurrences of rape are so frequently charged, and in many instances confessed to and proven. Now, when character, virtue, truthfulness, honesty and integrity are everything. These things must be taught in our schools, because in many instances they are not taught in the home.

We must bear in mind that mere head education does not change the states and conditions of the heart. Greece tried this and failed and the experiment with us has gone far enough to evince failure. The teacher is the child's principal text book. He will be in great measure what his teacher is. His teacher ought to be therefore, as far as possible, a model man.

Let all good men and women, both white and black, lend their aid to the task of seeing that the best men and women among us teach our schools.

L. E. FAIRLEY.

Gun-shot wounds and powder-burns, cuts, bruises, sprains, wounds from rusty nails, insect stings and ivy poisoning,—quickly healed by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Positively prevents blood poisoning. Beware of counterfeits. "DeWitt's" is SAFE AND SURE. King Bros.

Sour Stomach

"After I was induced to try CASCARETS, I will never be without them in the house. My liver was in a very bad shape, and my head ached and I had stomach trouble. Now, since taking Cascarets, I feel fine. My wife has also used them with beneficial results for sour stomach."
JOS. KREHLING, 1921 Congress St., St. Louis, Mo.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
CURE CONSTIPATION.
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 318

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

Death of Mr. Thos. Hunley.

Mr. Thos. Hunley, who has been sick for several months, died at his residence on Winslow street at noon Friday,

Mr. Hunley came here in the early '70s from, we think, Warrenton, or near that town, having served as a soldier through the war of the Confederacy. The first work done by him after his arrival here was to assist in putting in a dam and building a grist mill on the McKethan Mill Pond, afterwards torn down to make way for the Fayetteville Cotton Mills.

He afterwards assisted in putting in the machinery of the Novelty Wood Works' plant, and was connected with that institution as foreman until it passed out of the hands of its then owners, when he secured a position with the C. F. & Y. V. shops as a carpenter, remaining there until its sale and removal.

About 1880 Mr. Hunley married Miss Neily Carter, daughter of the late A. M. Carter, who survives him together with three children. They have nursed him faithfully and, with the kindly help of neighbors and friends, made the last hours of the deceased as comfortable as possible.

Mr. Hunley, while in good health, was a genial companion and very popular with those who knew him best.

News of Interest.

Adolph Luetgert, the famous wife murderer, died suddenly yesterday morning in Joliet State prison, Illinois, where he was serving a life sentence. He was stricken with angina pectoris. The crime for which Luetgert was sentenced was committed at his sausage plant in Chicago, in 1897, when he killed his wife by putting her in a vat of boiling chemicals, which consumed her body.

The name of J. S. Carr no longer appears on the Bull factory sign. It has been painted over. It was a sorry day for the employes of the Bull factory when he served his connection with the company, as those whose wages have been cut will testify, says the Durham Morning Herald. Such are the ways of Trusts.

A press dispatch from Cleveland, Ohio, in speaking of the strike, says:

It is impossible to truthfully reflect upon the conditions incident to the strike and not recognize the fact that public sympathy is with the strikers. This sympathy has led to a boycott of all lines except two. Busses operating parallel to the several roads are coining money. The railroad company is losing $5,000 a day in fares, $2,000 a day in wages for its non-union employes and other expenses. The damage to cars has also been considerable.

Fuller accounts of the capture of Calamba, Thursday afternoon say:

An expedition made up of troops from San Pedro Macati, Pasig and Morong under Brigadier General R. H. Hall, yesterday captured Calamba an important trading town on the south shore of Laguna de Bay. There were two hours of sharp fighting, during which four soldiers were killed and twelve wounded. The trenches commanding the harbor were under water, but the swampiness of the land made the work harder.

The troops boarded cascoes Tuesday night. The force comprised 400 of the Washington volunteers, 450 of the Twenty First infantry, 150 of the Fourth cavalry and two guns of the First artillery. These and the gunboats Napidan and Costo assembled opposite Calamba Wednesday afternoon. Crowds of people in carts and on foot were seen rushing to the hills. Natives escaping from Calamba in canoes said a hundred insurgents held the town.

A force of the Twenty First infantry under Captain McGrath, and Captain Eltonherd, landed east of the town but found a river intervening. Captain McGrath and Lieutenant Batson swam the river under a fire from twenty Mauser rifles. Having crossed the stream, the officers procured a casco to ferry the troops over. The insurgents retreated through the town, shooting from houses and bushes as they fled to the hills.

The Filipinos left three dead. Of the casualties on the American side, two of the killed and three of the wounded were members of the Fourth cavalry and two killed and eight wounded belonged to the Twenty-First infantry.

Four Rapists Hung in Baltimore.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Baltimore, July 28.—Joseph Bryan, Cornelius Gardner, Charles James and John Meyers were hanged here this morning at 9:18 o'clock on the same scaffold. Their crime was a brutal assault on Annie Bailey, colored, thirteen years old, who was terribly injured and had convulsions several days.

A fifth negro, Daniel Rodgers, was to have occupied the scaffold with the others this morning, but his sentence was commuted by Governor Lowndes to life imprisonment. He now occupies a cell in the penitentiary.

French Correspondent on War in Philippines—Says Americans Have Lost 12,000 Men.

By cable to the Observer.

Paris, July 28.—Le Figaro prints a letter from Hong Kong by M. John Hess its Colonial editor who for three weeks has been in the Philippines, says that the American losses in Luzon are heavier than reported. The forty-two thousand troops on duty to begin with have been reduced to thirty thousand. He expresses amazement at the small territory Gen. Otis holds and declares that a majority of the American troops are adventurers engaged at low wages with full permission to pillage.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible burn, scald, cut or bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures old sores, fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, all skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son., druggists.

A diseased stomach surely undermines health It dulls the brain, kills energy, destroys the nervous system, and predisposes to insanity and fatal diseases. All dyspeptic troubles are quickly cured by Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It has cured thousands of cases and is curing them every day. Its ingredients are such that it can't help curing. King Bros.

NO USE TRYING

I can't take plain cod-liver oil. Doctor says, try it. He might as well tell me to melt lard or butter and try to take them. It is too rich and will upset the stomach. But you can take milk or cream, so you can take

Scott's Emulsion

It is like cream; but will feed and nourish when cream will not. Babies and children will thrive and grow fat on it when their ordinary food does not nourish them.

Persons have been known to gain a pound a day when taking an ounce of Scott's Emulsion. It gets the digestive machinery in working order so that the ordinary food is properly digested and assimilated.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Three Surveys.

The Lumber Bridge News of Wednesday says:

A surveying corps of the Coast Line made three lines last week between the Coast Line track and the track of our road, now called the Yadkin Division of the Wilmington & Weldon road. One of the lines was run from Parkton to McNatts, one from Parkton to Lumber Bridge, and the other from the 86th mile post, which is north of Bagdad, to Lumber Bridge. The intention of the authorities is unknown. Anything said by anybody in these parts as to the ultimate purpose is a mere matter of opinion. The general inference is that the management is getting data to see if a reduction cannot be made in running expenses. The result may or may not be the building of a new road and discontinuing a part of the old.

The above is in keeping with what the OBSERVER said several months ago, that is that it was the intention of the A. C. L. to abandon the old C. F. & Y. V. track from Fayetteville to McNatts or thereabouts. This track has already been abandoned as far as Hope Mills.

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son druggist.

Try Allen's Foot Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it *to day*. Sold by all druggists, grocers, shoe stores and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

EDWIN R. MacKETHAN,
Attorney and Counsellor,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

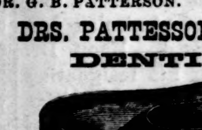
ISAAC A. MURCHISON. WILLIAM H. POPE
MURCHISON & POPE,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

DOCTOR D. G. MacKETHAN,
Physician and Surgeon,
Office N. E. Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
June 30-d&w-tf

J. H. MARSH, M.D. J. F. HIGHSMITH, M D
Drs. MARSH & HIGHSMITH,
Offices, Market Square and Green Street, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

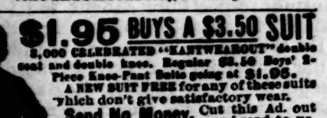
JNO. D. MacRAE, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office at Sedberry's Drug Store,
Fayetteville, N. C.

R. L. HUNTER, D.D.S. THOS. M. HUNTER D.D.S
DRS. HUNTER,



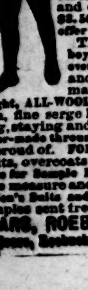
DENTISTS,
Northeast Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C
April 29, 1880.

DR. G. B. PATTERSON. DR. J. S. BETTS
DRS. PATTESSON & BETTS,
DENTISTS.



OFFICE: Over Bank of Fayetteville,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Offer their services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

$1.95 BUYS A $3.50 SUIT



3,000 CELEBRATED "KANTWEAROUT" double seat and double knee. Regular $3.50 Boys' 2-Piece Knee-Pant Suits going at $1.95. A NEW SUIT FREE for any of these suits which don't give satisfactory wear.
Send No Money. Cut this Ad. out and send to us, state age of boy and say whether large or small for age, and we will send you the suit by express, C.O.D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your express office and if found perfectly satisfactory and equal to suits sold in your town for $3.50, pay your express agent our special offer price, $1.95 and express charges.
THESE KNEE-PANT SUITS are for boys from 4 to 15 years of age, and are retailed everywhere at $3.50. Made with double seat and knees, latest 1899 style as illustrated, made from a special wear-resisting, heavy-weight, ALL-WOOL Oakwell cassimere, neat, handsome pattern, fine serge lining, Clayton patent interlining, padding, staying and reinforcing, silk and linen sewing, fine tailor-made throughout, a suit any boy or parent would be proud of. FOR FREE CLOTH SAMPLES of Boys' Clothing (suits, overcoats or ulsters), for boys 4 TO 19 YEARS, write for Sample Book No. 90C, contains fashion plates, tape measure and full instructions how to order.
Men's Suits and Overcoats made to order from $5.00 up. Samples sent free on application. Address,
SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Chicago, Ill.
(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....AUGUST 3, 1899

E. J HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

"Where the gold Democrats are numerically weak they will profess to accept the platform, but will oppose every plan that is calculated to bring success to the platform."—*William J. Bryan to National Committeeman C. S. Thomas, of Colorado.*

WILMINGTON.

We are glad to see that our brethren of the press are taking up the subject of the promotion of Wilmington as our chief seaport. To many of them the fact that Wilmington is the only seaport in the State which lies upon a river penetrating the interior, and that the Cape Fear is the only river in the State which flows directly into the sea, as the Durham Sun expresses it, seems to have come as a revelation. It is a very important fact, and together with Wilmington's other advantages, renders a concentration of the State's efforts upon that port a natural as well as a proper thing to do.

The great war brought the people of the different sections of North Carolina together in the field and in the sympathetic work which grew out of such a condition. Under these influences the old sub-racial hostilities between Albemarle and Clarendon, between East and West, have disappeared, and the time is ripe for giving an expression to our North Carolinianism in behalf of Wilmington such as our neighbors to the North and South have long been doing for the benefit of their chief cities.

The united efforts of the press can effect wonders in this matter. It is not only a patriotic duty, but there will be an important and ever increasing reflux of material benefits to the interior, if we can make of Wilmington the mecca of our commercial as well as our patriotic aspirations.

THE RETURN OF DR. WINSTON.

Universal regret was felt when Dr George T. Winston, President of the University, resigned that high position to accept the presidency of the University of Texas. He had been so successful in building up the University, and he was withal a man of such great ability and varied accomplishments, that it seemed that the State could ill afford to lose him. His friends consoled themselves with the reflection that their loss was Dr. Winston's gain—for his new position carried with it double the remuneration which he enjoyed at Chapel Hill. It has turned out, however, that the climate of Texas does not agree with the health of Dr. Winston's family; he has accepted the presidency of the State Agricultural and Mechanical College at Raleigh, to which, as our readers know, he was recently elected; and, day before yesterday, he reached Raleigh for the purpose of entering upon his duties there. Again may Dr. Winston's friends console themselves—this time with the reflection (not irreverently) that what is his loss in leaving his splendid position in Texas is their gain. It is not improbable, however, that the yearning which those of patriotic mould feel for their native land is at the bottom of it all. Be this as it may, North Carolinians rejoice at the return of this brilliant man and excellent citizen and his most estimable family. And none the less because it re-unites that remarkable trinity, Winston, Alderman and McIver.

It is said to be the new President's aim to make of the Agricultural and Mechanical College a technological school of the highest order, approaching if not rivalling the great school of like kind in Boston. We have no doubt that he will succeed to the extent of his expectations, wheresoever the limit of them may be set. We know of no man more capable of achieving his aspirations.

It is pleasant, though not surprising, to know that under Dr. Winston's regime the University of Texas made extraordinary progress. We learn that the attendance increased 33 per cent; that the income of the "main university" doubled; that the teaching force was increased by the addition of half a dozen professors and a dozen or more subordinate teachers; that three full schools were added, and that the standard of admission and scholarship was raised. Upon Dr. Winston's tendering his resignation to the Board of Regents, a committee was appointed to express the sense of the Board in accepting it. Following is their report:

"Your committee appointed to prepare resolutions expressing the sentiment of the board upon the acceptance of the resignation of President Winston respectfully submit the following: In accepting the resignation of Dr. George T. Winston as president of the University of Texas, the board of regents desire to express their appreciation of the able, impartial and devoted manner in which he has discharged the duties of his high office with a singleness of purpose to promote the advancement and development of the University. Possessing rare intellectual gifts, broad culture and wide experience, Dr. Winston has proved to be resourceful in the expansion of the University and the extension of its influence, and during his administration it has steadily grown and its advantages become better and more widely known to the people of the State. Industrious, conscientious, courteous and obliging in the discharge of his difficult and responsible duties, he has commanded the confidence and esteem of the board of regents, and their best wishes for his future happiness and continued usefulness accompany him to his new field of labor."

His added laurels, however, were not needed to rekindle the affection which North Carolinians so long cherished towards Dr. Winston, or to stimulate the heartiness of their welcome upon his return.

THE LAST VERSION OF THE TRUTH.

It is plainly impossible to get an approach to the truth concerning our operations in the Philippines. A few days ago, what purported to give the official list of the casualties which our army there has suffered put the number of killed and died of wounds and disease at something less than four hundred. A day or two afterward the correspondent of a French newspaper averred that the number was twelve thousand. Now comes a dispatch from Seattle, Washington, which gives a very circumstantial account which the Times newspaper, of that city, prints. It purports to be "a full list of fatalities in the American army in the Philippines up to June 1st," which a certain Fred F. Eitell, "a representative of The Manila Freedom," claims to have obtained from the records of the surgeon general's office at Manila.

"The total of fatalities," says Mr. Eitell, "is 736—23 officers, 699 privates and 14 civilians attached to the army. A remarkable feature of the record is found in the statement that the number of officers killed in battle is out of all proportion to the number of privates killed. On the other hand, fewer officers died from disease proportionately than privates. Out of the 23 officers dead, 16 were killed in action, 2 were drowned and 5 died of disease. Of the 699 privates 294 died of wounds received in action, 9 were killed accidentally, 23 were drowned and 7 committed suicide. One hundred and six died of typhoid fever, 89 of smallpox, 47 of dysentery, 28 of pneumonia, 19 of malarial fever and 14 of meningitis. The remainder died from various diseases. Of the 14 deaths among civilians, 7 were from smallpox and 3 from gunshot wounds received in action."

Concealment of the truth from the people is the practice of despotisms, and such people accept it as a matter of course. It has so far become the practice with our present Federal agents that no one believes a word the administration says about anything, and so we are drifting into the way of suffering all the disabilities, without enjoying the advantages, of the stronger form of government. It is no answer to say that we are in a state of war and cannot afford to show our hand to the enemy. What we have a right to complain of is, in the first place, that this war has not been sanctioned by the war-making power under our system, the legislative branch, which, indeed, adjourned at the moment it broke out, thus abdicating its functions in favor of the Executive, or anything that might choose to take its place; and, in the next place, that, if the administration can't afford to tell us the truth, it should at least refrain from telling what have been abundantly proved to be unmitigated falsehoods.

THE KENTUCKY BOLTERS.

Ex-Governer John Young Brown, of Kentucky, seems to have allowed his personal disappointment at being beaten by Mr. Goebel for the Democratic nomination in that State, to tempt him to accept the bolters' nomination against the latter. A staff correspondent of the Atlanta Constitution declares that the anti Goebel movement has been worked up principally by the railroad influences "which are against Goebel and against the Democratic platform because the latter endorses an effective railroad commission, and they know that Goebel, if elected, will see that such a law is enforced."

Mr. Bryan, who never makes a mistake where principle is involved, has endorsed Goebel, who is not only the regular nominee but has heartily accepted the Kentucky platform. The latter, as our readers know, is a model presentation of orthodox democracy. The opposition of the railroads explains the carefully prepared "news" to Goebel's discredit with which the country has been flooded. Evidently the republicans and other goldbugs are back of the bolt, which is intended, if it succeeds in effecting the election of the republican candidate, to serve the double purpose of preparing the way for McKinley's getting Kentucky's electoral vote again.

The Constitution's writer says:

"Just now the storm of opposition seems very strong, and on the surface is; but an analysis shows wherein lies its inspiration, and it is hard to believe that a democratic candidate can be seriously injured by such opposition, more especially in a state normally democratic as is Kentucky. If there were serious danger of defeat, the announcement that Senator Joe Blackburn is to be chairman of the state campaign committee, and that Bryan is coming to canvass the state, ought to settle all doubts. It is as much Joe Blackburn's fight as it is Goebel's, and as much Bryan's as it is of either, for to carry Kentucky for democracy in 1900 it is almost absolutely necessary to carry it this year. All of these things will operate in Goebel's favor. Of course the disgruntled element may yet be able to defeat him. If John Young Brown does take the nomination of the bolters, the movement will have real life to it; but Kentucky has had its fill of bolters, and the chances are that in the end Goebel will win."

All of which will make the contest in Kentucky one of exceptional interest and importance.

Since the above was put in type the Raleigh News and Observer of yesterday is to hand with a letter of Mr. Josephus Daniels, dated Chicago, July 22, expressing similar views to those of the Constitution's writer.

Capt. J. B. Underwood returned yesterday afternoon from a business trip to New York.

A GOLD TICKET.

Little Mr. Eckels, who was Mr. Cleveland's comptroller of the currency, and who followed his illustrious chief in bolting the party except for whose loyal support in the past the names of neither would have been known beyond their homes, says that "there can be no compromise with Bryanism and that nothing can be gained by Democrats who remain with the silver party or by keeping quiet on the currency question."

The Washington telegram which gives the above goes on to give this statement of the attitude of the Gold "Democrats":

"The Gold Democrats who have been in Washington since the meeting of the Democratic National Committee, in Chicago, last week, have all expressed the opinion that the party that nominated Palmer and Buckner in 1896 must put a ticket again in the field next year. As Mr. Eckels says, there must be no compromise, and, further, there is no possibility of a compromise agreeable to the anti-silver element. Since the Chicago meeting, these Gold Democratic leaders have become fully convinced that they cannot even control enough delegates to the next convention to render the two-thirds rule embarrassing to the Bryanites. While the Gold Democrats have never relinquished their national party organization, formed at Indianapolis in 1896, they have done very little recently along the line of independent party work. All their efforts during the last year or so have been directed toward breaking the power of Bryan, and to stem the tide toward his renomination and the reaffirming of the Chicago platform. Now that their dreams of such accomplishments have been shattered, and they see that Bryan cannot be defeated, they are turning their attention once more to putting a Gold Democratic ticket in the field. The same reasons which actuated these Gold Democrats in 1896 is stirring them again this year. The theory upon which the ticket will be nominated will be that there are still some gold men who did not support Bryan in 1896 who will not vote the Republican ticket next year, and others who voted for Bryan in 1896 rather than break away from their party, will be glad to vote for a Democratic ticket—so-called—if such is provided for them. Mr. Eckels is the first who has courage enough to speak; but, now that he has sounded the alarm, there are others anxious to endorse his views and go to work on the old lines of the Gold Democrats of 1896."

We do not think a Gold "Democratic" ticket will hurt the Democracy. On the contrary, if the project to bring out one takes shape in the near future, it will powerfully assist the regular organization in getting rid of the McKinley "Democrats" who so disturbed its councils in 1896.

It will be observed, however, that our Washington correspondent thinks there will be no repetition of the Palmer and Buckner affair.

FOOD ADULTERATION.

Our North Carolina Agricultural Experiment Station has frequently warned the public against the use of adulterated food. A correspondent of the Wilmington Dispatch says:

"It is injurious to health and life and productive of many diseases which are prevalent today, but which our people of former years were not subjected to. The public manner in which this adulteration is made and carried on is shameful. (See circular of Agricultural Experiment Station) The circulars should be scattered all over the State. The press should expose food adulteration. There should be rigid laws against it and heavy punishment inflicted. Our people should purchase the best goods for consumption and not use adulterated foods because they are cheapest."

Now that centralization has caused such a large proportion of the people to get their ideas from the great cities of the North, it is more difficult to deal with a question like this than in former times when the rural centres had opinions of their own. We hear no howl about adulterated food from New York because those whose howls would get a hearing eat pure food. At Delmonico's, for example, the bread is made of flour such as we used to get in Fayetteville, made in Chatham or Randolph counties; the butter is perfect; the mustard, vinegar, pepper, salt and sugar, pure and of full strength or savor.

People in the country towns or "cities," where the tribute to monopoly in the great cities has brought general impoverishment, cannot afford to pay the prices which Delmonico pays for some of the things he serves—the butter, for example, at eighty cents or a dollar a pound. But we doubt if he pays a cent more for his flour, mustard, vinegar, pepper, salt and sugar, than people in the country cities. The only remedy apparent is to kick and keep on kicking. The local grocer, instead of objecting to this from his customers, is really delighted to be able to report such backing to his own kicks which he transmits by mail or long distance 'phone to the centralized adulterator in the monopoly city. If you can help it, refuse to eat bread made from flour which seems to be composed of plaster of paris, alumina and pea meal; or drink vinegar that bites the tongue with a chemical acidity; or use mustard that, instead of the bright and wholesome yellow which distinguishes the proper article, wears a pale and sickly hue.

Finally we would advise all our readers who are interested in what they eat to send to the Experiment Station at Raleigh for one of their Food Adulteration pamphlets, and to govern themselves accordingly. Thus may they learn to detect and reject the husks which are contemptuously flung at them from the centres of distribution and—"civilization."

The Shamrock Sails Thursday.

By cable to the Observer.

Glasgow, July 31st.—The Shamrock will sail for New York Thursday. There is good authority for the statement that Capt. Ben Harker of the German Kaiser's yacht, Meteor, will sail the Shamrock against the Columbia.

A PROPHECY.

In looking over some old letters from General Lane, the writer has come across the record of a prophecy made by General Lee which is very remarkable when we consider the time, a third of a century ago, when it was made. We think there can be no objection of reproducing it here.

"General Lee," says General Lane, "just after the surrender, when I called on him in Richmond, advised me to remain in Virginia, and, though I might not be allowed to hold any office again, to always go to the polls and vote, whenever the Yankees would let me, for those candidates who most nearly reflected my sentiments, with the assurance that, at no distant day, the North West would have their eyes open to the fact that we, and not the New England States, are their natural allies."

The idea was, as the latter went on to say, that the broader minded and more sympathetic North West would see that the South was restored to those former rights of which the war had deprived it. Time is in a fair way to supply a striking confirmation of General Lee's views. Very gradually, the sentiment had grown that the North West and the South had a common bond of interest in their devotion to agriculture, until the money issue which the East had precipitated through its agent, Mr. Cleveland, suddenly brought things to a climax at Chicago in 1896, and the "natural allies" whom General Lee had recognized in 1865 became allies in fact thirty-one years later.

To those who have come on the stage since that day, General Lee's foresight may not seem so remarkable; but to those who had met the North-Western fighters on the battlefield and who had taken note of the bitterness of hostility to the South which lingered in Chicago and its tributary country long after trade interests had banished much of that feeling from the North-East, such a prophecy required all the authority of The Great Commander himself to give it weight.

It is upon this very alliance between the North-West and the South, cemented, as many of us fondly hoped, forever at Chicago in 1896, that all the money and all the influence of the North-East is concentrating its sturdiest hostile efforts now. As the agent of the North-East, Mr. McKinley is simply the successor of Mr. Cleveland, and his overtures to old Confederates in the war with Spain was but another way of employing the executive power of bribery, which Mr. Cleveland used so effectually in inducing Southern Senators to give him the whip-hand of silver legislation in the unconditional repeal bill of 1893.

But the silver issue which is apparently the chief bond between the North-West and the South is but a trifling part of the great underlying issue to which Gen. Lee referred: that is, a restoration of those former conditions of our Federal Union upon which the rights of all the rural communities in it depend.

A NOBLE DEFENDER OF NORTH CAROLINA.

In this connection we are moved to exclaim, what a noble defender North Carolina has in General Lane! Though a Virginian, and though fate has denied him the privilege of living in North Carolina as he desired, his warm heart is ever turning to the State which supplied the soldiers whom he commanded. Nor has his yearning love towards her and them been inarticulate. Far from it; for we doubt whether any other single influence has done so much to place the military achievements of North Carolina in their right light before the world. He has done more writing in her behalf than any other soldier of the war, and his words have possessed unusual authority because of his unique reputation for telling the unvarnished truth as well as because he was, with the exception of Pettigrew, far and away the ablest officer of his rank in the army.

We feel sure we shall not violate the proprieties at this late day if we make an extract from another of his letters asking for information to be used in his articles contributed to the Southern Historical Society Papers in behalf of North Carolina at Battery Gregg, as against the extravagant claims of General Harris "of Mahone's Division."

Said the old hero:

"I need not tell you, I hope, that I am too old now to be thinking about self in all this, and that love and admiration alone are my ruling motives, coupled with the desire to do justice to brave men. It is military glory enough for me to know that in fighting for a just cause, I had the honor to command such men, and that my name will go down to history coupled with such a gallant Brigade. Without political influence and a perfect stranger almost, North Carolinians honored me, as a young man, in times that tried one's soul, and I shall never cease to love them for it, and wish that I could spend my last days amongst them. There is to me an indescribable pleasure in the greetings that I always receive from the true sons of the Old North State."

Root Sworn In—What Alger Said.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, Aug. 1.—The new Secretary of War, Mr. Elihu Root, arrived here today and was sworn in as Secretary of War this morning. The oath was administered by Judge Cole of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. Secretaries Gage and Hitchcock were present. Secretary Alger after the ceremony said to his successor: "I thank you with all my heart. God bless you and give you strength." The army officers and bureau chiefs were then presented to him.

"What might have been"—If that little cough hadn't been neglected—is the sad reflection of thousands of consumptives One Minute Cough Cure cures coughs and colds. King Bros.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Chairman Brown seems to be stirring up the Agricultural as well as the Pension Bureau people of the late regime, mightily. The public will look forward to his report of the net result with absorbing interest. Senator Brown is both a careful and a courageous man.

* * *

The Philippine enlistments drag their slow length along. Fifteen months ago nearly a million of our young men rushed forward to offer their services to help free the Cubans. Not only do the volunteers whom we have had in the Philippines insist upon coming home, but, up to Saturday night, but 7,992 new men had enlisted to supply their places.

* * *

A Raleigh correspondent says: "Mrs. Thomas T. Hay died yesterday at her home here. She was a daughter of the late Major Seaton Gales and a granddaughter of Mr. Gales who was for years the editor of the The National Intelligencer at Washington." Major Seaton Gales was the grandson of Joseph Gales the First, formerly editor of the Sheffield (England) Register and later founder of the Raleigh Register. He had two sons, Joseph Gales, the editor of the National Intelligencer, and Weston R. Gales, who succeeded him as owner and editor of the Raleigh Register. Major Seaton Gales, the brilliant scholar, writer and speaker, was the son of Weston R. Gales, succeeded the latter as editor and owner of the Register, and published in the early fifties (we believe it was) the first daily paper published in this State. He was named for his uncle Joseph's partner, Mr. Seaton, a Maryland gentleman. Gales and Seaton were the editors and publishers of the National Intelligencer.

Carolina Beach and Old Brunswick.

Correspondence of the Observer.

The 9:45 a. m. train from Carolina Beach the other day took away all of the guests of the hotel Oceanic and many of the cottagers.

The exodus was occasioned by the acceptance of an invitation given by Capt. Harper, of the steamer "Wilmington," to visit the ruins of the old town of Brunswick a few miles down the river.

This is one of the many interesting localities near Carolina Beach. The town was gradually deserted a century ago for the new town of Wilmington, although it had once been the seat and chief seaport of North Carolina.

Upon landing, the party, preceded by guides bearing material evidences of Capt. Harper's thoughtfulness, slowly wound its way along a path flanked by high, irregular mounds, outlining what was once Fort Anderson, a hotly contested point of the Civil War. Here and there among the earthworks one found the foundations of houses that crumbled away a hundred years ago. Passing a long, low ridge of the fortifications, the party came suddenly into view of the ruins of St. Philip's church and graveyard.

Upon every beholder fell a reverent hush. Before them were the broken walls of an edifice built and consecrated one hundred and sixty years ago. Within the ruin grow stately trees taller than itself, their interlacing boughs its only roof. Without are the graves of some of the most prominent men of their day. To the ravages of time among these broken tombstones the Civil War added Federal pillage.

Not far distant is the spot where the first armed American resistance to British tyranny occurred eight years before the Boston Tea Party.

Within sight of the Brunswick landing are several colonial plantations in a fine state of preservation.

The Carolina Beach party were intensely interested in the scene, which was made more real by the reading within St. Philip's walls of historical sketches of the spot, from Mr. James Sprunt's "Tales of the Cape Fear."

It was a little journey to be treasured in one's memory, and Capt. Harper never extended a more appreciated courtesy than this invitation was felt to be by the recipients.

Raeford Ripples.

This town was shocked Friday by the news of the death of Mrs. J. C. Thomas, which occurred that morning in Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore. Mr. Thomas took her there for treatment and left her 48 hours before her death, doing fairly well, but she grew worse suddenly and died before he reached home. Mrs. Thomas was one of those warm-hearted, whole-soul persons, and was never so happy as when entertaining her friends, which she frequently did in her lovely home. She was about 32 years of age and leaves a husband and 3 children. The remains were sent to Rockingham, the old home, for interment.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McBryde entertained their young friends at a lawn party Wednesday afternoon.

The Misses Highsmith, of Sampson county, are visiting Dr. Dickson's family.

Miss Christiana McFadyen entertained her friends Saturday afternoon.

Prof. Holmes, of Franklinton, is visiting his classmate, John McFadyen.

Miss Isabel Robeson, of Red Springs, is visiting Miss McFadyen.

Miss Vista Dudley, of Bennettsville, is visiting friends here.

Mrs. Lamont and son visited relatives in Bladen recently.

Mr. Will Thomas, of Charlotte, visited friends here last week.

The trustees of Raeford Military Institute will leave no stone unturned to make the coming year the most prosperous in the history of this school. On Thursday, August 10th, there will be an educational picnic here. Prominent speakers will be present and an elegant dinner spread on the campus and refreshments of various kinds.

Professor Roberts and Dr. Dickson are taking a trip through Sampson and Bladen counties in the interest of this school.

A force of seventy convicts are at work on the A. & R. F. R. R. here, grading in the direction of the Atlantic and Yadkin.

Dr. M. McNeill was here last week.

Rev. Mr. Buchanan, a returned missionary of the Presbyterian church, will lecture here on the 11th at 11 a. m.

Rev. J. M. Yingling, pastor of the Bedford Street Methodist church at Cumberland, Md., says: "It affords me much pleasure to recommend Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. I have used it and know others who have done so. I have never known it to fail. It is a sure cure when taken in time. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, July 31, 1899.

Republican wishes father the story sent out from Washington, several days ago, that a movement was on foot to put another gold democratic presidential ticket in the field next year. No such movement is known among democrats and no such action is expected to get the support of any considerable number of democrats, because they all know that it is not being instigated by democrats, but by republicans, whose only object is to draw support away from the regular democratic ticket. A number of democrats who took part in organizing the Palmer and Buckner movement, have since acknowledged their mistake and their regret, and expressed their intention to stand by the regular nominations hereafter, because the democratic party as a whole stands for most of the things they believe in. Although republican money is likely to be freely used to bring about such a condition, there is absolutely nothing in sight at this time, to indicate the nomination of a gold democratic ticket next year.

There is much shaking and quaking in the old Alger clique in the War Department, because of a rumor, which seems to have foundation, that Secretary Root, who is now in Washington, preparatory to being sworn in tomorrow and taking charge intends to reorganize the War Department from bottom to top. Certainly no other department of the government needs a thorough reorganization more than the one over which Mr. Root has been chosen to preside, but the clique is powerful and Secretary Root may find himself unable to overthrow the Algerites. If he is wise he will get Gen. Miles on his side, by restoring him the authority of which he was deprived by Alger.

Attorney General Griggs, before going off on his summer vacation, shattered the hopes of numerous persons who thought they had everything fixed to secure valuable Porto Rican concessions from the War Department, by rendering opinions upon three specific concessions: The right to use the water power of the river Plata, the right to build and operate a tramway, and the right to build and control, for all time, piers and wharves at Ponce. These opinions take the ground that all such concessions were the crown property of Spain, and sums them all, and apparently all other public concessions on the island, up as follows: "As crown property, they were, by the treaty of cession, transferred by Spain to the U. S. of America, and are now a part of the public domain of that nation. I do not know of any right or power which the Secretary of War or the President has to alienate in perpetuity any of the public domain of the U. S., except in accordance with acts of Congress, duly passed with reference thereto." This is understood to be a hint to Alger of the power of the administration to make trouble for him and his business friends, who are heavily interested in some Cuban deals, if he attempts to antagonize the administration.

Representative Griffith, who represents the Indiana district which sent the late Judge Holman to Congress for so many years, said of politics in his state, and he knows: "Indiana will send to the Democratic National Convention a solid Bryan delegation. The men who were for Mr. Bryan and the Chicago platform in 1896, have not weakened in their faith regarding either. I am one of those who believe in the indestructibility of the principles of democracy, and though the party may suffer temporary defeat, it is sure to regain ascendency, for it represents better than any other political organization, the true interests of the people. The predominant issue in 1900 is very apt to be war upon the trusts, and upon this, the democrats will be in far better position than their opponents. The voters of the country cannot be deluded by anti-trust declarations of the republican convention; they understand that there is no real antagonism between the leading men of that party and the trusts, but that on the contrary, the closest intimacy exists, seeing that most of the influential republicans are thoroughly identified with combines and monopolies. We had a great chance in 1896, and we came very near success, and we will have just as good a chance in 1900. I see nothing in the situation that is discouraging to democrats, but on the contrary much that betokens a winning campaign."

One of the conundrums of the hour is why the sending of a cablegram to Gen. Otis, conveying an expression of Mr. McKinley's confidence in him, and satisfaction with all he has done, including his press censoring, should have been kept secret for ten days after it was sent? Some say that Mr. McKinley wanted to ascertain how far public sentiment would go in supporting the demand for the recall of Otis, and that if that demand had been a little stronger, the cablegram would have been suppressed entirely. It was evidently kept back for some purpose. And it wouldn't have been the first time that official matters have been made public or suppressed by this administration in deference to the state of public opinion.

Too True.

Statesville Landmark.]

We depreciate our ablest men, make little of the accomplishments of our sons and daughters, talk about the State's poverty and of the lack of opportunities, and tell each other that it is a good State to move from. Worst fault of all, we are jealous of each other and when one North Carolinian gives signs that he is about to get up in the world, there are a dozen to catch him by the coat tail and pull him down.

Bad Blood

Boils, Skin Eruptions, Ulcers, Pimples, Fever Sores, Eczemas, Scrofula, Cancers,

CURED BY B.B.B., BOTANIC BLOOD BALM.

To prove the wonderful healing power of B.B.B., every sufferer may receive a SAMPLE BOTTLE of B.B.B. FREE BY MAIL.

B.B.B., Botanic Blood Balm, has a mastery over all Blood Diseases which no other remedy even approaches. B.B.B. literally drives the poison, or bad blood, out of the body, bones, and entire system, leaving the flesh pure and free from blemishes. While B.B.B. is a powerful blood remedy, it can be taken with perfect safety by old and young. B.B.B. leaves no bad after effects, and the cures are permanent.

Tumors, Ulcers, or Cancer of the Nose, Eye, Lip, Ear, Neck, Breast, Stomach, Legs, or Arms, are all curable by B.B.B., which is made especially to cure all terrible Blood Diseases. Persistent Sores, Blood and Skin Blemishes, that resist other treatments, are quickly cured by B.B.B. Skin Eruptions, Pimples, Red, Itching Eczema, Scales, Blisters, Red or Brown Patches, Blotches, etc., are all due to bad blood, and hence easily cured by B.B.B. Syphilitic Blood Poison literally driven from the system by B.B.B. in one to five months. B.B.B. does not contain vegetable or mineral poison. One bottle will test it in any case. For sale by druggists everywhere. Large bottles, $1, six for $5. Send 2 stamps for book and free sample bottle, which will be sent by return mail. When you write, describe symptoms, and personal free medical advice will be given. Address Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles and cures Constipation. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

LIGHTENS LABOR

Cobwebs about a house are usually the sign that the housewife has more than she can do, the way she goes about it; that all her time and strength are utilized in doing heavy work; that she uses soap in her cleaning. If would only use

GOLD DUST Washing Powder

heavy work would be so lightened that the little things needn't be neglected. Gold Dust gives a woman time to rest, time to visit, time to read, and time to sew. It is much better and cheaper than soap for all cleaning. For greatest economy buy our large package.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

CHICAGO ST. LOUIS NEW YORK BOSTON

Bryan Is Tammany's Jonah.

New York Sun.

A gathering of Tammany Democrats of the third ward of Queensborough was stampeded last night for Bryan. The occasion was a meeting of the Shinnecock Democratic club, of Flushing. James A. Gray, a former friend of Harry D. Purroy, was the speaker. Mr. Gray recently moved from Mr. Purroy's district to Flushing and joined the Shinnecock Club, which is the personal property of Patrick J. Mara, the regular organization leader. It has been Mr. Mara's boast that he had his followers well in line for any work that Tammany leaders wanted done.

The subject of Mr. Gray's speech was "Imperialism." He denounced the McKinley administration for not freeing Cuba. He said it would be free only when a Democrat was inaugurated President. He named as possible candidates Gorman and Van Wyck. Not a ripple of applause was heard. Toward the end of his speech he mentioned Bryan's name. That was enough for the audience. Nearly every man present jumped to his feet and whooped and cheered for the Nebraskan. The uproar was defending.

Leader Mara, who was sitting in the rear of the hall, quietly slipped out. William J. Rarquin, who is deputy commissioner of water supply for Queensborough, followed him. John F. Rogers, collector of taxes and assessments for Queensborough, occupied the chair and had to remain. He rapped vigorously for order, and said the speaker must not be interrupted. City Magistrate Connorton went to a window and measured the distance to a nearby tin roof with his cane. In doing so he dropped his cane outside. He made the excuse that he had to go out and get the cane. That was the last seen of the magistrate. Joseph H. Fitzpatrick, clerk of the Queens borough school board, who was at one time private secretary to Richard Croker, suddenly remembered that he was thirsty, and he and Mara were seen in the club cafe shortly afterward trying to figure out the extent of the damage.

Shot Four Boys For Stealing Watermelons—May Be Lynched.

By cable to the Observer.

Vicksburg, Miss., July 29.—Several posses are searching the hills for Ithamar Yerkes, a farmer, who yesterday shot and seriously wounded four boys, all under ten, one fatally. He claimed the boys were stealing watermelons, but this the boys deny. Yerkes used a double barrel shot gun. He may be lynched if caught.

News from Manila.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, July 31.—Advices from Negros says that Capt. Simpson with a force of the Sixth infantry pursued a party of bandits and killed nineteen.

The North Dakota, Idaho and Wyoming infantry with Gen. Ovenshine on sick leave, sailed for San Francisco on board the transport Grant today.

The Indians on the War Path.

By telegraph to the Observer.

City of Mexico, August 2.

Despatches to-day from the Lower Yaquie river country say that roving bands of Indians are killing Mexicans and Americans and that a number of Americans in the outlying districts have been slaughtered. Fears are expressed that a large number of prospectors who have been pouring into the Sierra Madra Mountains will be killed.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets All druggists refund money if it fails ot cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

A Mother Tells How She Saved Her Little Daughter's Life.

I am the mother of eight children and have had a great deal of experience with medicines. Last summer my little daughter had the dysentery in its worst form. We thought she would die. I tried everything I could think of, but nothing seemed to do her any good. I saw by an advertisement in our paper that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy was highly recommended and sent and got a bottle at once. It proved to be one of the very best medicines we ever had in the house. It saved my little daughter's life. I am anxious for every mother to know what an excellent medicine it is. Had I known it at first it would have saved me a great deal of anxiety and my little daughter much suffering.—Yours truly, MRS. GEO. F. BURDICK, Liberty, R. I. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought Chas. H. Fletcher.

Queer English at Yale.

We find the following quotation credited to Professor A. C. Wheeler, of Yale University:

"We will forget a little while about the Philippines, as we have forgotten about the Alaskans. Who cares about the Alaskans now? We will forget all about the Cubans. We will absorb all our energies and concentrate all our attention upon ourselves. The commercial sharks will get hold of the Philippines, as the seal sharks have got hold of Alaska, and as the sugar sharks have got hold of Hawaii already and the great multitude of people like you and I will care very little about it."

The Professor is all right in condemning the sharks of varied appetites to whom he alludes, but his English is decidedly shaky (*a* flat, and no pun intended). A Professor who thinks that there are any people anywhere, whether in "great multitudes" or otherwise, who are "like I" couldn't get a degree in a prep. school in these parts.

JESSUP SAYINGS.

JESSUP, N. C., July 29, 1899.

Rev. W. F. Thom has been conducting a series of meetings at Euphronia, assisted by Rev. Mr. Gillespie.

Mr. W. J. Wadsworth was painfully hurt a few days ago by being thrown from a wagon.

Rev. K. A. Campbell, of South Carolina, is visiting friends and relatives.

Miss Fannie Gilliam, of Pocket, is visiting Miss Lydia Wadsworth.

At Gulf, on last Wednesday night, a dwelling house, owned and occupied by Maj. John McRae, was burned. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Mr. D. A. Campbell, of Winchester, Va., is visiting friends and relatives.

Messrs. W. L. Blackman and W. M. Lewis, left Saturday to begin work at Southern Pines.

Miss Mattie Tyson, of Greensboro, is visiting her brother, Mr. T. B. Tyson.

Profs. W. P. and A. B. Cameron of Wilson, are visiting their sister, Mrs W. A. Wadsworth.

The Allred Saw Mill Company have begun the removal of a mill from Putman to Jessup, to be operated by Mr. Ike Allred.

Mr. O. B. Alexander, of Quiet, is visiting Mr. Jerome Vick.

Mr. Alex. Thomas, who has been ill for several days, is reported better.

Work on the farm is almost finished and many of our farmers have "hung up the shovel and the hoe," but have not "taken down the fiddle and the bow" because the apple crop is a failure and a Scotchman can't play without apple or corn encouragement.

Political talk is now the popular amusement of the community. The Republicans and Populists are by no means doing all the talk. Democrats are having much to say on the constitutional amendment and yelling.—

"Give not the enemy the field
Because he beats his drum."

DONTON.

LEMONS AS MEDICINE.

They regulate the Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys and Blood as prepared by Dr. H. Mozley, in his Lemon Elixir, a pleasant lemon drink. It cures billousness, constipation, indigestion, headache, malaria, kidney disease, fever, chills, heart failure, nervous prostration, and all other diseases caused by a torpid or diseased liver and kidneys. It is an established fact that lemons, when combined properly with other liver tonics, produce the most desirable results upon the stomach, liver bowels, kidneys and blood. Sold by druggists. 50c. and $1 bottle.

Mozley's Lemon Elixir

Cured me of sick and nervous headache, I had been subject to all my life.
MRS. N. A. MCENTIRE.
Spring Place, Ga.

Mozley's Lemon Elixir

Cured me of indigestion and nervous prostration. I got more relief, and at once, from Lemon Elixir than all other medicines. J. C. SPEIGHTS.
Indian Springs, Ga.

Mozley's Lemon Elixir

Cured me of a long standing case of chills and fever, by using two bottles.
J. C. STANLEY.
Engineer E. T. Va. & Ga. R. R.

Mozley's Lemon Elixir

Cured me of a case of heart disease and indigestion of four years standing. I tried a dozen different medicines. None but Lemon Elixir done me any good.
TULES DIEHL.
Cor. Habersham and St. Thomas Sts.
Savannah, Ga.

Mozley's Lemon Elixir.

I fully indorse it for nervous prostration, headache, indigestion and constipation, having used it with most satisfactory results, after all other remedies had failed.
J. W. ROLLO.
West End, Atlanta, Ga.

dly sat & wkly

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., AUG. 3, 1899

We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the veiws or statements of correspondents —and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

Correspondence for the Weekly Observer should reach the office not later than Monday.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

☞ The date on your label tells you when your subscription expires. Receipts for money on subscription will be given in change of date on label. If not properly changed in two weeks notify us.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Harper Whisky.
B. R. Huske, Agent---The Greatest.
Clyde Steamship Line—Sailing Days.
Rev J. H. Clewell, Principal---Salem.
C. C. McLellan, Commissioner---Re-sale of Land.

From Robeson Court.

Hon. Geo. M. Rose and Messrs. Andrew Broadfoot, Geo. O'Hanlon and L. J. Brandt returned Friday night from Lumberton, where they have been attending Robeson court. The McLeod vs. Nimocks case, resulted in a verdict of $5,500 in favor of the plaintiff.

A Whopping Order.

The Greensboro Telegram contains the following:

W. Frank Blount, state representative for the W. W. Kimball Company, Chicago, is wearing a broad smile. The Baptist Female University at Raleigh has awarded to them the contract for 15 elegant pianos including a concert grand.

"Twenty of the leading makers in the United States were after the contract," said Mr. Blount, "but when the Kimball lion began to roar they took to the woods."

Unique Prohibition.

Here is one of the many queer notes the Register of Deeds of this county receives:

RAEFORD, N. C., July the 24, '99. to the Registor of Deeds of Cumberland Co in the town of Faytville I Do har By ferBid you of silling and Lising to William Fair Cloth to marry mise Genit FranCis Fair Cloth if you Do I will see what sorte of a Bon you air on and dont make any misstake in it for I will sartinly trie you for it.

The Tobacco Warehouse.

The big tobacco warehouse is rapidly nearing completion. The roof is now on and the building will be fully ready by Aug. 10th.

Manager Blackburn, in company with Secretary J. W. Ingold and others, has made a number of trips to the numerous tobacco fields of Cumberland and adjoining counties, examining the crops and instructing the planters. He is greatly impressed with what he has seen, and says if our farmers "catch on" to the science of curing as they have to its culture, tobacco in Cumberland will be the staple crop instead of cotton.

The Famous Bug Arrives.

Fayetteville's measure of glory is full. The missing link was supplied last Friday by the advent of the kissing bug, which came without warning and left a poisoned kiss on the cheek of a fair shopper from the East side of the river in Thornton's store yesterday afternoon. The sting of the kiss was so painful a physician had to be summoned, and we learn that the young lady is still suffering severely. The famous bug was captured by the clerks after frantic efforts, and it is now on exhibition. It's like has never been seen in these parts before. In general appearance it resembles a bumble bee, yet it has a head like a mouse, wings like a bat, and two wire-like tusks, half an inch in length.

The next campaign may develop some other kind of a bug, but until then Fayetteville claims a share of them all, even to a gold bug or two.

The Funeral of Mrs. Williamson.

The remains of Mrs. Lawrence Williamson were laid to rest Friday afternoon in the new cemetery, the services taking place at 6 o'clock from St. John's Episcopal Church, conducted by the rector, Rev. I. W. Hughes. Typical of her bright, beautiful, pure young life, flowers uttered love's protest against the solemn and inexorable decree of death in a profusion, a tastefulness of design and elaboration of ornament rarely seen:—exquisite anchors, wreaths, crosses, pillows and crowns, fairly weighting down the casket, and filling the chancel of the church with their delicate color and perfume.

Notwithstanding the inauspicious weather—two or three heavy rains falling during the conduct of the ceremonies from the residence to the grave—the numbers in attendance were large, attesting the universal love and esteem in which the deceased was held, and the general grief felt over this sad, sad loss to our community. The pall-bearers were Dr. H. W. Lilly, Messrs. J. H. Myrover, W. F. Leak, H. M. Pemberton, C. L. Bevil, W. M. Haigh, A. B. Williams, Jr., S. R. Horne.

In the impressive services at the grave Rev. I. W. Hughes was assisted by Rev. H. T. Graham, pastor of the Presbyterian Church, the latter delivering the closing prayer.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers expel from the system all poisonous accumulations, regulate the stomach, bowels and liver, and purify the blood. They drive away disease, dissipate melancholy, and give health and vigor for the daily routine. Do not gripe or sicken. King Bros.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Church Organized at Tabernacle.

Rev. C. A. G. Thomas organized a Baptist church at Tabernacle, this county Sunday, with a membership of about thirty.

Rail Road Building.

Thus far in the year 1899 the length of new track actually laid is more than twice as much as shown in any corresponding period within the past two years. Only two New England States have laid any track this year, and these only 14 miles. The chief addition in railway building is shown in the Southern, the Northwestern and the Pacific States. Every Southern State, except Kentucky and Virginia, has added mileage, but work is under way in both of these.

A Plucky Capture.

As Mr. W. C. Fields was on his way to his home at Idaho Sunday night a pistol exploded in front of his horse's head. He jumped out of his bugy and gave chase to the scamp, whom he soon captured. The man turned out to be a negro named Thos. Evans, who, Mr. Fields says, has been guilty of this same practice several times before. Mr. Fields, who was several miles from town, made the negro get in his buggy and brought him to the county jail for safe keeping.

Elmira McNeill in Trouble?

Everybody knows Elmira McNeill, the colored woman evangelist, who took such an active part in the Fire Baptised Holiness meeting, recently held in this city. After that meeting disbanded, Elmira took up a subscription to carry her to Africa, where she said she was going to carry this new Fire religion. It is said she got as far as Raleigh, found her divorced husband living with another woman, and is now in Wake county jail awaiting trial on a charge of murdering that woman by administering poison.

Rev. Watson Fairley Makes a Fine Impression.

Rev. Watson Fairley, of Manchester, filled the pulpit at the Presbyterian Church last night and preached a sermon that made a fine impression. He showed none of the embarrassment one would look for in a young man just entering upon the ministry, preaching his maiden sermon to a congregation of kinsmen and home folks. On the contrary, he spoke with good effect, gracefully and with ease. It was a good, sensible sermon, with a continuity and finish of thought seldom found in a sermon by a beginner.

His text was "God be merciful to me—a sinner." Luke xviii:xiii.

We congratulate our young and reverend friend and predict for him a bright career.

W. J. Sutton Has Succeeded J. B. Holland as Deputy Collector.

Ex-Sheriff and ex-Clerk of the Court of Bladen, and ex-Treasurer of the North Carolina Railroad W. J. Sutton is now deputy Revenue Collector of this District.

It is now learned that Mr. J. B. Holland, of Carthage, was offered deputy collector, with the understanding that he would resign that office in favor of Mr. Sutton, when that gentleman's term as Treasurer of the North Carolina Railroad expired.

"Bill" is a sensible politician, and looks well into the future for the feathering of his nest, which must not be of the humming bird size either.

Mr. Sutton is in the city today on business connected with his new office.

Crops of Cumberland.

The farmers of Cumberland are generally in good spirits over the condition of their crops. Extraordinary as it may seem, we have not heard a farmer complain this season, on the other hand they are all aggressively jubilant. It is true, they will tell you we have had a little too much rain, making cotton shed more than usual, but they do so with the grace of a man who has lost a little of a suddenly acquired fortune.

The Government weekly summary of crop conditions issued yesterday, says among other things:

Complaints of shedding continue from central and eastern portions of the cotton belt, and, while rains have improved the conditions of the crop in the Carolinas, excessively heavy rains in North Carolina have proved injurious. Good growth, however, is generally reported, especially in the central and estern sections, and as a rule the crop is fruiting well. Picking is well advanced in southern portions of Texas, in which State the gen eral condition of the crop is promising.

The Firemen's Tournament.

A dispatch from Greensboro says that there is a great crowd there, between five and ten thousand. The Firemen's Association Convention met last night and selected Wilmington as the place of holding the next meeting. Charlotte was the only other competitor.

An Interesting Lady.

Maj. T. G. Hall, of Gray's Creek, and Mrs. Hall, of Crow Creek, South Dakota, and their daughter, Mrs. McLauchlin, of Florence, are spending the week with Mrs. Fisher on Hay street.

Mrs. Hall, who is a very bright woman and holds a government position on the Indian Reservation, talks most interestingly of her life among these children of the forest.

The Clinton Break.

Several tobacco buyers were in the city yesterday, says the Wilmington Star, returning from the big break at Clinton, N. C., last week. They say that all grades of tobacco sold well, the prices ranging from 16 to 36 cents per pound.

TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds, or fevers, use Syrup of Figs, made by the California Fig Syrup Co.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers,
The famous little pills.

Marriage Licenses.

Twelve marriage licenses were granted by the Register of Deeds during July, 9 to whites and 3 to colored. This is the smallest number for any month of the present year. The last one granted for July was yesterday to Mr. A. S. Smith, age 21, and Miss Luada Hair, age 18, both of Cedar Creek.

To Dunn's Opening Sale.

The following gentlemen interested in the welfare of the Planters Warehouse of this city, the opening sale of which is to be on August 10th, went up to Dunn Tuesday on the northbound freight to attend the opening tobacco sale there: Col. A. B. Williams, Messrs. A. E. Rankin, Geo. A. Burns, W. A. Vanstory, W. J. Blackburn, J. W. Ingold, Q. K. Nimocks and D. T. Oates.

The Tobacco Warehouse.

Already there are active evidences of preparation for the opening sale at the Planters Warehouse on August 10th. A number of loads of tobacco have been brought in and stored in the surrounding warehouses, where it is now being graded by experts and made ready for placing on the floor.

Major E. L. Pemberton has been appointed book-keeper for the new warehouse. An excellent selection.

Narrow Escape of a Handsome Residence.

The handsome residence of Mr. J. A. Pemberton on Ramsey street had a narrow escape from destruction Monday afternoon.

About 7 o'clock people living within two or three hundred yards of the old Court House square, were greatly shocked by a terrific explosion of lightning which vibrated from one end of the city to the other. Fifteen minutes later the alarm of fire was given, and it was at once surmised that it was here the terrific stroke of lightning had spent its force. And so it turned out. The lightning had struck a big water pipe on the rear of the building, ran up this into the bath-room and finding no other conductor, went out of the roof, setting the wood work on fire in its flight. Fortunately the family were away in Virginia or the consequences might have been serious.

When the fire company reached the spot, a large column of flame was issuing from the roof, and it looked as though the building was doomed. And still, notwithstanding the fact that when the hose had been stretched and water turned on, the nozz'e was found to be missing and a man had to be sent on horse back to the engine house for it, when the powerful stream was finally let loose on the fast spreading flames, the work of extinction was quick and complete and seemed easy enough.

The loss by fire and water will reach $300 or $400. Both building and furniture were fully insured.

News of Interest.

There is consternation at Newport News. A dispatch from there last night says that thirty cases of what is supposed to be genuine yellow fever has been discovered at the National Soldiers' Home, and that there have been three deaths from the disease so far. United States expert surgeons have been dispatched to Newport News. A strict quarentine has been declared against Newport News, Old Point, Phoebus and Hampton.

The Nebraska regiment reached San Francisco yesterday from Manila. But one man of the regiment re-enlisted. "I don't think you will see any of us returning to Manila soon," was Col. Mulford's reply in response to a question. He said the regiment dropped 206 men, including sick and wounded.

Wilmington has established a semi-quarantine against Norfolk and is having all incoming trains inspected for refugees from the infected district.

A Raleigh telegram of last night says:

Ex-Judge James E. Shepherd today resigned as head of the law school at the State University. He was expected to become the successor of the late John Manning as professor of law, but says he finds it impossible. The trustees will tomorrow consider the question of his successor.

Miss Jean Evans's House Party.

Misses Bessie Everett and Pat McRae, of Rockingham, who have been attending the Evans house party at Sherwood, left for home yesterday afternoon on account of the death of their kinsman, Col. H. C. Wall.

Messrs. J. M. Pope, of Edisto, S. C., and J. L. McNair, of Laurel Hill, also returned to their homes yesterday. The other members of the party will remain until the latter part of the week.

Watson's Hardware Store Robbed.

Monday night Walter Watson's Hardware Store was entered and robbed of a quantity of pistols and knives The thieves entered the building by the transom over the door on Anderson street. The robbery was not discovered until yesterday morning and there is as yet no clue to the perpetrators. Among the missing articles are one long barrel, nickle-plaited Smith & Wesson pistol, single action; two Iver Johnson pistols, one American bull dog, two electric razors and fifteen pocket knives.

City Tax Collector Goes on a Trip.

Mr. S. W. Tillinghast left this afternoon for Morganton, where he goes to pay a two weeks visit to his brother, Mr. David Ray Tillinghast, and recuperate his health. He says that '98 delinquents better enjoy themselves during his absence, for on his return he will make it hot for them.

You can't cure dyspepsia by dieting Eat good wholesome food, and plenty of it. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests food without aid from the stomach, and is made to CURE. King Bros.

One Minute Cough Cure, cures.
That is what it was made for.

The Yellow Fever Situation—Norfolk and Surrounding Country May Be Quarantined—May Spread All Over the United States—Guests Flying from Old Point.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, July 31.—The War Department officials are greatly alarmed over the yellow fever situation at the Soldiers' Home, Hampton. Surgeon-General Sternberg, conferred with Secretary Alger about the matter this morning. Probably the Josiah Simpson hospital at Hampton will be turned over to the Surgeons under Surgeon-General Wyman for use as an isolating hospital. The authorities are preparing to adopt stringent regulations to prevent the spread of the disease but admit that the delay in properly diagnosing the cases has made the situation serious. Excursion parties have been to the Soldiers' Home since the appearance there of the yellow fever and scattered to all parts of the United States.

Surgeon General Wyman and Surgeon General Sternberg will confer to-day as to the proper steps to be taken to prevent the epidemic spreading throughout the country. It is not improbable that Norfolk and the entire country about Old Point Comfort and Hampton will be quarantined.

Two more cases of yellow fever developed at the soldiers home today, and one more death. No teams or boats are running to the city. Four hundred guests left the hotels at Old Point Comfort at 3 o'clock this morning on a special train.

Three Thousand Persons Flee from Yellow Fever and Others Would Like To—The Stricken District Cut Off From The World.

Hampton, Aug. 1.—Three thousand persons have fled from here and Old Point Comfort owing to the yellow fever outbreak at the Soldiers' Home and hundreds of others will go today, if they are able to get away, which is doubtful, as a strict quarantine has been established. The infected district is practically cut off from the world. Armed policemen and many residents with shot guns are guarding the different outlets. It is thought that the fever will be confined to the Home and will be eventually stamped out. There were three deaths today making a total of seven. There are now thirty-seven cases in all. No mails are allowed to go out from the infected district and railroad communication has been cut off. It is feared famine will be added to the already great horror, there being no way of getting provisions into the stricken district.

Norfolk, Aug. 1.—The situation at the Soldiers' Home is unchanged this morning, but the fact that there were no deaths yesterday and no new cases developed yesterday or last night is regarded as cheering. Notwithstanding rumors to the contrary not a single case exists outside the Soldiers' Home where the fever originated. The Home is surrounded by a strong guard and it seems almost certain that the disease will be confined within the walls.

The Exodus from Norfolk Continues—Surgeon General Says Fever Will Spread.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Norfolk, August 2.—There are no yellow fever cases here and no suspicions of disease have been discovered outside the Soldiers' Home and Phoebus. The exodus from this city continues. Boats and trains are crowded with refugees, and all sorts of wild rumors of fever at points other than Hampton are in circulation. They are absolutely foundationless, however. The quarantine against Hampton, Old Point and New Port News is stricter than ever. The mails now come via Richmond.

Washington, August 2.—Surgeon General Sternberg predicts that the fever will extend beyond Phoebus, but is in doubt whether it will reach Norfolk and the Northern cities.

The Yellow Fever Situation

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, August 2---There is some difficulty in removing the troops from Fortress Monroe as none of the steamship companies will take them, and just now there is no government transport available. Norfolk threatens to quarantine the Pennsylvania Railroad Boat if used to carry troops to Cape Charles. The War Department says that the request of Governor Tyler that enough troops be left at Fortress Monroe to act as quarantine guard cannot be granted, there being no authority for the use of troops for that purpose.

The Columbia and Defender Off.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New Port, August 2.—The first race between the Columbia and Defender is now being sailed. The start was made at 11:15, the Defender crossing the line a few seconds ahead. The Columbia quickly closed the gap, however, outfooting and out pointing the Defender. In a stiff breeze, at 12:7 o'clock, the Columbia's new steel mast snapped thirty feet above her deck, and she is hopelessly out of the race.

Two More Electrocutions.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Auburn, August 2.—Oscar Rice, of Westfield, Chautauqua county, and John Kennedy, of Buffalo, were electrocuted this morning. Both were executed within twenty minutes.

Prominent and Wealthy Filipinos Lead Insurgents.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, August 2.—Mail advices from the Island of Cebu announces that a company of Americans last week attacked the Filipino trenches, two kilometres from the town of El Pasdo. The insurgents were commanded by the brothers Climacos, prominent and wealthy. The Charleston shelled the insurgents and the Filipinos retreated. The American casualties were slight. The presence of the Climacos, it is reported, is due to orders from Luzon.

The Jamestown Ashore.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Norfolk, August 2---The Old Dominion Steamship Jamestown, went ashore this morning off Lambert's Point but was hauled off by the tug Pocahontas. She is not damaged.

Relief Arrives from Manila with 350 Sick.

By telegraph to the Observer.

San Francisco, August 2---The Hospital Ship Relief arrived here today from Manila. She carries three hundred and fifty invalids representing nearly every regiment now in the field as well as the Nebraska, Utah and Pennsylvania volunteers already returned.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Lackamp, Elston, Mo., write: "One Minute Cough Cure saved the life of our little boy when nearly dead with croup." King Bros

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Arrival of the Machias at San Domingo.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, August 2.—The Navy Department was advised to-day of the arrival of the Machias at San Domingo city yesterday. Commander Logan cables that the death of the president is not believed to have any political significance, and the motive of the assassin is believed to have been a personal one.

Molineux Pleads Not Guilty.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, August 2---Roland B. Molineux was arraigned this morning in the Court of General Sessions, on the charge of the murder of Mrs. Adams. In a clear and distinct voice he pleaded not guilty.

Emperor of Germany Thinks Peace Conference a Failure.

By cable to the Observer.)

Berlin, August 2---The Government, according to the official opinion, has taken no action whatever on the conclusions of the peace conference, and the Kaiser views the work of the conference as having no possible practical results.

Negro Lynched this Morning.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Birmingham, Ala., August 2.—Solomon Jones, a negro, was lynched by a mob in Butler county this morning for attempted assault on a young white girl. He was caught after a long chase by a party of farmers.

A Great Sensation in Glasgow.

By cable to the Observer.

Glasgow, August 2---A great sensation has been caused here by the arrest of James Colquhon, LL.D., City Treasurer, on a charge of fraud and embezzlement. He received moneys in trust for investment aggregating a large sum, including three thousand pounds for the Glasgow University. His shortage is believed to reach one hundred and sixty thousand pounds. His downfall is ascribed to heavy gambling at resorts on the Continent.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers benefit permanently. They lend gentle assistance to nature, causing no pains or weakness, permanently curing constipation and liver ailments. King Bros.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

A. B. WILLIAMS,
COTTON BUYER,
HAY STREET,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS

REVISED DAILY.

COTTON

Middling	5¼
Good Middling	6
Market—firm.	

NAVAL STORES

Spirits	39c
Common Rosin	70
Virgin	2 20
Yellow Dip	2 20
Hard	1 20

PRODUCE

REPORTED BY A. S. HUSKE, GROCER.

Flour—1st pat., sack,	$2.40@2.65
Family Flour—2nd pat., sack	$2.15 @ 2.25
Hides—dry—per lb.	8@10
" —green—per lb.	5
Wool—washed	15@20
Bacon—hog round per lb—new	8¼
" —ham	10a10½
" —sides—new	8½a9
" —shoulders—new	7½a8
Oats—32 lbs per bushel	40@45
Peas—clay	60a75
" —mixed	70
" —white,	75a80
Meal—bolted—46 lbs per bushel	55 @60
" —unbolted—48 lbs per bushel	50@55
Corn—old—56 lbs per bushel	55
Onions—select—per bushel	50a60
Lard—N. C.	8@9
Tallow	4
Ducks	20@25
Hens—per head	22½@25
Roosters—per head	18 a 20
Turkeys—per lb	none
Guineas	none
Geese	25 a 30
Butter—choice yellow	16 a 20
Honey—strained—per lb	8c
Eggs,	10
Feathers—new	35 a 40
Potatoes—Irish—new	80
Potatoes—Sweet—new	100
Pork	5@6

RE-SALE OF LAND.

Under an order of the Superior Court, made this day in McLellan, Administrator, *vs.* S. P. Denning *et al.*, the undersigned will offer for sale, at Godwin, N. C., on Saturday,

September 2nd,

at 2 o'clock P. M., what is known as the Denning lot;

And on Saturday,

September 9th,

at Wade, N. C., at 2 o'clock P. M., one lot in Wade known as the Denning lot and Seventy-four acres lying near Wade, known as the Bowden residence.

Terms of sale cash or on credit, as made known on day of sale.

C. C. McLELLAN,
Commissioner.

C. W. BROADFOOT, Att'y.
August 1, 1899.

SALEM

Academy and College, for Girls and Young Women. Best home care, together with full College instruction. Specialists in Music, Art, Elocution, Languages, Commercial and Industrial Studies. Institution founded in 1802. The Register shows 328 last year. New term begins Wednesday, Sept. 6, 1899. Send for Catalogue to

REV. J. H. CLEWELL, Principal,
Salem, North Caro ina

8-3 6 t-w

The Greatest

of all American Fire Insurance Companies

THE ÆTNA

Insurance Co,, of Hartford, Conn., with twelve million dollars of assets, calls your attention to the fact that it has paid three losses lately, from this agency, caused by LIGHTNING, and reminds you that the danger from lightning at this season of the year is almost as great as from wind in March. You can get your lightning insurance along with your fire policy without additional cost, and a Tornado policy at very low rates.

B. R. HUSKE, Agent.

Be Good to Yourself

and good to your friends.

When you treat a friend to whisky give him **THE BEST**

HARPER

Whisky is the beverage for your friends and for you.

Land Sale for Taxes.

On Monday, the 7th day of August, I will expose to Public Auction Sale at the Court House door in Fayetteville, N. C., the following lands to satisfy the State and County taxes and costs.

McD. GEDDIE,
Sheriff Cumberland County.

CROSS CREEK TAX FOR 1898.

Huske, Ellen, residence, Blount street,	3.55
Huske, Mrs. C. W., 22 acres, Crow land,	4.10
Johnson Georgianna, Mrs., vacant, Cumberland street,	1.35
Lockamy, A. M., Mrs., res., Robeson street,	8.50
Martin, W. N., 12 acres, Brown place	2.85
McAlister, Richard, one lot,	4.10
McNeill, John, one lot,	11 02
Newberry, J. C., 2 acres, Haymount,	2.45
Newberry, Walter, vacant, Poplar Springs	2 45
Novitzky, H. R., res., Green street,	11.80
Palmer, Wm.., one lot, Ramsey street,	
Palmer, Wm., one lot Haymount,	54.15
Roberts, Addie W., Mrs., res., Mumford st,	8.50
Roddick, John, Mrs. improved, Person st.,	10.04
Scurlock, George C., impr'v'd, Chatham st.,	9.60
Poe, Abbie, 2 acres, Worth land,	1 20
Moore, A., residence, Haymount,	19.50
Monroe, W. C. residence, Orange street,	5.24
Rankin, H. A. improved, Winslow street,	23.08
Vann, Jas. A., Beasley house,	4.99
Moore, Florence B. Mrs., res , Gillespie street,	15.92
Groton, John. residence, Haymount,	1.28
Watson, A. H., res., Grove Street,	11.02

SEVENTY FIRST.

Murchison, Jessie L., 35 acres, Manchester Mills,	110.80
McQueen, Elizabeth, Mrs., 160 acres, res.,	20.60
Melvin, Geo. W., 41 acres, res.,	3.76
Monroe, John D., 100 " "	3.54
Monroe, T. S., 38 " "	5.40
Oxendine, Alex., 15 acres, residence,	3.52
Palmer, Wm , 240 acres, Campbell land,	
Palmer, Wm. 1,000 acres, Laura Davis land,	36 74
Parker, S R., 59 acres, res.,	2.26
Ray, Jas. Tap, 50 acres Big Branch	1.12

CARVER'S CREEK.

Palmer, Wm., 500 acres, Rose Hill,	
Palmer, Wm., 95 acres, Raeford Creek,	10.15

CROSS CREEK TAX FOR 1897.

Armstrong, Chas., impr'v'd, Wilmington road,	4.10
Bryant, R. T., res., Wilmington road,	3.17
Evans, Daniel, improved, Moore street,	2.10
Mitchell, Henry, res., Mechanic street,	3.38
Mitchell, S. A., Mrs , res., Haymount,	1.65
Newberry, C. B , res., Haymount,	7.16
Palmer, Wm , improved, Worth street,	
Palmer, Wm., improved, Robeson st.,	54.35
Richardson, J. W., vacant, Cumberland street,	1 62
Southern Telephone Co. Plant, one lot,	3 00
Surles, Isaac, res., Rroad street,	2.47
Williams, Samuel H., res , Frink Alley,	1.05
Wright, Willy, McIntyre land,	2.03
Watson, A. H., improved, Grove street,	5.08
Hill, George, res., Wilmington road,	3.69

ROCKFISH, 1897.

Byrne, E. D., 20 acres, chicken road,	3.94
Buie, John, estate, 975 acres, Cumberland,	12.27
Calhoun, Jas. A., 68 acres, residence,	5.51
Clark, E. L., 45 acres, Gilmore land,	1.35
Johnson, Wm , 5 acres, residence,	5.52
Johnson, C A., 56 acres, Brown land,	4 89
McKinnon, George, 10 acres, residence,	3.32
Peppers, Alfred, 37 acres, Wilmington road,	6 57
Palmer, Wm , 170 acres, Autry land,	
Palmer, Wm , 133 acres, Brewington land,	26.38
Williams, J. A., 125 acres, joining Burnes,	2 20

PEARCE'S MILL, 1897.

Bryant, D. A., 50 acres, residence,	2 06
Clark, E. L., lots Fair ground	9.60
McAlister, W. H., 10 acres, Wilmington road,	4.51
Rodgers, John A., 48 acres, residence,	4.93
Sellars, J. W., 1 acre, Wilmington road,	3.40

PEARCE'S MILL, 1898.

Benoy, J. H., residence,	7.77
McLemore, D J., one lot,	2.53

QUEWHIFFLE, 1898.

Currie, M. B., 113 acres, Mountain Creek,	2.56

ROCKFISH, 1898.

Barge, P. P., 37 acres, Bradshaw land,	2.45
Calhurn, J. E., one lot,	4.97
Crawford, W., A., 10 acres, Sarah Ray land,	1.08
Palmer, Wm., 170 acres, Autry land,	
Palmer, Wm.. 133 acres, Brewington land,	25.58
Blount, W. F., one lot,	3.55
Murphy, Menus, estate, 150 acres, Big Rockfish,	3.10

QUEWHIFFLE, 1897.

Core, Nathan, 70 acres, McDuffie land,	2.17
Henderson, J. W., 60 acres, Bull Branch,	4.30
Leech, Penny, 5 acres, Buchan land,	.86
Maynor, Isaiah, 73 acres, Mountain Creek,	3.86
Pharris, Alex., 26 acres, Little Creek,	1.26
Penn Development Co., 175 acres, Bryan land,	4.94

CARVER'S CREEK, 1897.

Blue, Ann J., Mrs., 270 acres, K. Buie land,	2.80
Beasley, B. F., 100 acres, Taylor place,	5.75
Carver. John, Sr., 88 acres, Cross Creek,	1.04
King, W. R., 111 acres, residence,	2.80
Palmer, Wm.. 500 acres, Rose Hill,	
Palmer, Wm., 95 acres Raeford Creek,	10.15
Walker, J. A. & J. C., 200 acres, old home,	4.55

LITTLE RIVER, 1898.

Baker, A. M., Mrs., 473 acres Buffalo Creek,	7.53
Ferguson, Sarah J., 100 acres, James Creek,	1.35
McKay, H. J., 200 acres, Little River,	5.24

SEVENTY FIRST TAX, 1897.

Black, J. R., 137 acres, residence,	9.88
Campbell, Jerry, 15 acres, residence,	1.82
Clark, E. L., 24 acres, Leonard land,	3.06
Davis, G. G., 64 acres, residence,	2.45
Gailes, W. G , 50 acres, residence,	3.72
Graham, J. A. 100 acres, Plank road,	8.87
Huske, W. W., 1,700 acres, Little River,	9 05
Handon, W. C., 180 acres, residence,	1 75
McDonald, Jos., 40 acres, residence	2.25
McIver, F. P., 13 acres, residence,	3.89
Raynor, K., 460 acres, Sandy land,	8.16
Raynor, K. R., 80 acres, residence,	1.73
Raynor, J. E., 52 acres, Beaver Creek,	4.50
Palmer, Wm., 150 acres, A. B. Campbell land,	
Palmer, Wm., 1,000 acres, L. Davis land,	36.74

GRAY'S CREEK, 1897.

Byrne, David, 10 acres, residence,	3.59
Byrne, Laura, 10 acres, residence,	1.96
Bedsole, C. K., 50 acres, residence,	3 02
Baker, Jas., 10 acres, residence	1.27
Hughes, D. L. 33 acres, Chicken road,	2.92
McNeill, J. D., 126 acres, Bone land,	2.19
Smith, David, 150 acres, residence,	9.16
Twomer & Blossom, 50 acres, residence,	1 05
Twomer, Sam., 52 acres, residence,	2.77
Thames, Calvin, 65 acres, residence,	3.16

CEDAR CREEK TAX, 1898.

Palmer, Wm., 520 acres, Cain land,	
Palmer, Wm., 190 acres Fisher land,	14.66
Palmer, Wm , 1897 tax, 520 acres Cain land, 190 acres, H. C. Fisher land,	14.66

FLEA HILL, 1897.

Palmer, Wm., 171 acres, Carter & Godwin land,	3.00
Palmer. Wm , 1898 tax, 171 acres Carter & Godwin land,	3.00
Williams, J. B. 44 acres, Breece land,	1.90
Godwin, R. A., 48 acres, residence,	1.35
McKay, G. L. 200 acres, former residence,	3.55
Boykin, Will, 10 acres, residence,	3.32

CROSS CREEK FENCE TAX, 1898.

Barge, P. P., 37 acres, Wilmington road,	1.30
Benoy, J. H. 3 lots near Fair grounds,	1.35
Boon, W. J., 3 lots	1.50
Carrol, Joe, estate, 20 acres, Wilmington road,	1.20
Humphrey, R. D., Arsenal lot,	.87
Huske, C. W., Mrs , 22 acres, Crow land,	1.40
Jordan, T. J., Mrs., residence, Haymount,	1.80
Lockamy, A. M. Mrs , Robeson street,	2.70
McLemore, D. J., one lot,	1.10
McNeill, Ida, Mrs., Haymount,	3 80
McNeill, Alice, Haigh land,	.95
McNeill, Thos., residence, Ramsey street,	1.20
McMillan, Archie, residence, Haymount,	3.30
McIlwaine, 100 acres, Rockfish,	1.20
Palmer, Wm., 1 lot,	1.30
Stephens, Sandy, 4 acres, Worth land,	1.00
Stephens, Priscilla, 4 acres, McIntyre land,	.95
Shaw, E. A,, and Mrs. Hales, 272 acres,	1 60
Taylor, B. R. 2 lots improved, Ramsey st.,	1.49

NOTHING BETTER

can be furnished than what we are now putting forth in the way of

Hot Weather Drinks

at our new soda fountain. Pure syrups in porcelain containers. No metallic contamination. New apparatus and everything clean, bright, and attractive.

HORNE'S PHARMACY.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
Cures Piles. Scalds, Burns.

Remember the Date, AUGUST 10, 1899.

PLANTERS WAREHOUSE,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

will have its grand opening for the sale of

August 10th. **TOBACCO** August 10th.

ON AUGUST 10th.

We are going to make this a tobacco market worthy of your patronage. The business men of Fayetteville say it must be so, and you know what that means. We offer great advantages as a market and, to make success doubly sure, we have secured the services of W. J. BLACKBURN, of Greensboro, as manager, who has had twelve years' experience in the business and comes most highly recommended in every way.

The Warehouse will be opened every day in the week after the GRAND OPENING,

and, in connection with the warehouse, will be a

GRADING - DEPARTMENT,

under the supervision of experienced tobacco men.

We are prepared now to do grading preparatory to the opening sale. There will be ample accommodation for planters and their stock, and they may feel free to come and enquire about the tobacco business. Write us for information of any kind needed about tobacco.

☞ Let us hear from you about grading your tobacco.

PLANTERS WAREHOUSE,
W. J. BLACKBURN, Manager.

"OLD TIME MOLASSES."

We have just received a large lot of Molasses, such as we have not had for years. SEE IT BEFORE YOU BUY.

Our Michigan Flours

are still in the lead. If you have not tried a sack of "PURITAN," you do not know what you are missing. It is better than many brands on this market that costs more money.

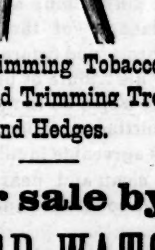
We handle many of the leading brands of FERTILIZERS

including Acid Phosphate and Kainit.

Our stock of Hardware is complete.

A. E. RANKIN CO.

SHURLBERTS.



Shears for Trimming Tobacco in the Field and Trimming Trees and Hedges.

For sale by

WALTER WATSON,

AGENT FOR

Deering Mowing and Harvesting Machinery, Also Eclipse Engines and Saw Mill Outfits.

Address WALTER WATSON, Fayetteville, N. C.

See My Samples OF New Goods

now on hand.

H. H. CARTLAND,

The Up-To-Date Greensboro Tailor.

A pretty, new and nobby line of Goods for Suitings, Pants and Vests are always on hand, and his prices are reasonable at all times.

WANTED.

We want everybody that does not patronize us at present to send us some laundry so they will be convinced that

we are turning out work daily that looks like new goods.

Our work compares with any in the State. We can give high gloss, medium or a nice domestic finish. just as you like. Our lady manager has full charge ofthe ladies' apparel, so we solicit their patronage all the time.

☞ Agents wanted in every town.

Yours to please,

Fayetteville Steam Laundry.

'Phone42.

SURPRISED.

Are you surprised at the growing fame of PERFECTION Flour? Not if you ever tried it. Those who use it 365 days in the year—and lots of 'em do—say the half has hardly been told when we say PERFECTION is the BEST and CHEAPEST flour sold in Fayetteville. Latest prices: Per bbl., (196 lbs.), $4 75; 98 lb. sack, $2.40; 49 lb. sack, $1.25; 24 lb. sack, 65c. Free city delivery. TRIUMPH is next grade to PERFECTION, made by the same mill, and sells for less, of course. It's a dandy flour, too.

A new assortment of Dixie Pocket Knives, made by Wostenholm, but sold way under his prices. Many choice patterns at 10 cents to $1.25. New line of Allen's famous Saddles at $2.00 to $5.00. Buggy Harness at $6.00 to $12.50. Collars at $1.00 to $1.50, and other leather goods in proportion. Low prices, but high quality; that's it.

Milburn and Florence Wagons and Carts on easy terms.

Mendleson Lye, Giant Powder, Gold Dust, Pearline, Clarette and Ark Soap, R. R. Mills Snuff, Mason's Crackers and Cakes, Celluloid Starch, Horseford's and Rex Baking Powders, Diamond Matches, and many other staples at factory prices. All kinds of Feed, Grain and Hay.

The opportunity is the only thing we need to convince you that "we are the people." You make the opportunity; we'll do the rest.

Q. K. NIMOCKS,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
10 Hay street.

Phone 56.

Economy is Wealth,

and when practised judiciously about the house, many things can be improved and a greater value obtained for the money spent. For instance, a DETROIT JEWEL GAS RANGE will reduce your fuel bill and give you more pleasure, comfort and satisfaction than any other method of cooking. ☞ Welsbach Lights reduce your gas bills.

Fayetteville Gas & Electric Light Co.

Save Your Money.
One box of Tutt's Pills will save many dollars in doctors' bills. They will surely cure all diseases of the stomach, liver or bowels.

No Reckless Assertion

For sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, constipation and biliousness, a million people endorse

TUTT'S Liver PILLS

A Useful Present.

Rev. W. L. Cuninggim, pastor of the Hay Street Methodist Church, has been presented with a handsome Rambler bicycle by his congregation in token of their appreciation of his many admirable qualities. Hay Street Church is very fond of its pastor, who has also won many friends outside his own denomination.

The New Superintendent of Hope Mills.

We understand that Mr. John J. Malony, who has been the designer for the Hope Mills Manufacturing Company for the past year, has been offered the superintendency to succeed Mr. Cotton, resigned.

Mr. Cotton's resignation does not mean that he will leave Hope Mills by any means, as he has too many interests in and around that thriving village. Besides his interests in the No. 2 mill, he operates a large grist mill, has stock in the Cumberland mill, of which he is to be manager, and owns a number of houses and considerable real estate. And besides, as we have stated before, he is to erect a handsome residence there.

First Regiment Band to go to the Philippines.

The splendid First regiment band, which gave a concert in this city several months ago, is to go to Manila. We are in receipt of a letter from Mr. Chas. Coe, the director of the band, stating that the First regiment band has accepted an offer to enter the United States service again and will join the Twenty-ninth regiment, now being recruited at Atlanta, Ga. Most all the organized members are going. Prof. Coe says he needs a few more musicians to fill up to required strength and any wishing to go should write him at once at Asheville. The band will be at Greensboro August 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th and will join the Twenty-ninth regiment about August 10th.

Carolina Beach.

The editor of the OBSERVER desires to record his thanks to Capt. Jenkins, of the Oceanic Hotel at Carolina Beach, for numberless courtesies during the recent press convention; and, now, the Business Manager of the OBSERVER, who has just returned from a week spent there, adds his tribute of praise to the excellent fare which he found there and to the unremitting attention of Mr. Jenkins and his agreeable family. Everything is as clean and neat as can be, and the food bountiful and admirably prepared.

In this connection, the OBSERVER'S editor wishes to express his very hearty appreciation of the many courtesies which he received, during the Press Convention, at the hands of Col. Waddell and Maj. McKoy and Messrs. Heinsberger, Bell and Bernard. In truth, the people of Wilmington and the sojourners at the two beaches did their best to make the press people feel welcome—and succeeded.

For Long Distant Telephone Connection

In view of the fact that Fayetteville is now cut off from the southern long distance telephone connection, which she has been enjoying for the past year, the following petition to Mr. Geo. A. Holderness, Manager of the North Carolina Telephone and Telegraph Company, is being circulated among our citizens, and freely signed by them:

Whereas, Fayetteville, N. C., is at present cut off from long distance telephone connection south of Shannon, and we believe it to be greatly to our interest that this condition should no longer exist; and whereas we are now paying the maximum rental for the use of our 'phones, and we are informed that over a large area to the south of us a lower rate prevails, which also carries with it to subscribers (only) the privilege of free service with more than a dozen exchanges in this and the adjoining State; and whereas we are informed that the managers of this large area and its many exchanges have offered to include Fayetteville in its association of exchanges, and give free access and priveleges to all its subscribers, provided a like courtesy is extended to them and their subscribers (only): We, your subscribers, respectfully ask that you accept their offer, and thereby secure to us the same privilege (if not rate) which the subscribers to their exchanges are offered and enjoy.

IS IT RIGHT

For an Editor to Recommend Patent Medicines.

From Sylvan Valley News, Brevard, N. C.

It may be a question whether the editor of a newspaper has the right to publicly recommend any of the various proprietary medicines which flood the market, yet as a preventive of suffering we feel it a duty to say a good word for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. We have known and used this medicine in our family for twenty years and have always found it reliable. In many cases a dose of this remedy would save hours of suffering while a physician is awaited. We do not believe in depending implicitly on any medicine for a cure, but we do believe that if a bottle of Chamberlain's Diarrhœa Remedy were kept on hand and administered at the inception of an attack much suffering might be avoided and in very many cases the presence of a physician would not be required. At least this has been our experience during the past twenty years. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

LOST.

Many golden opportunities have been lost by those who suffer from rheumatism. By taking Rheumacide now they will be permanently and positively cured.

How Are Your Kidneys?

Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Add. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

News of Interest.

Negroes burned a church belonging to white people near Navasota, Texas, and killed three white men who tried to extinguish the fire. Whites are in pursuit of the negroes.

By direction of the President, batteries along the seacoast have been designated as follows:

Mortar battery at Fort Caswell, N. C., "Battery Bagley," in honor of Ensign Worth Bagley, U. S. N., killed at Cardenas, Cuba.

Batteries at Fort Caswell, N. C., constituting the defences of the mouth of the Cape Fear river and of Wilmington, N. C.: Twelve-inch battery, "Battery Caswell," on the site of old Fort Caswell, which fort is believed to have been named in honor of Richard Caswell, a distinguished member of the continental congress, an officer of the revolutionary army and first Governor of the State of North Carolina.

Eight-inch battery, "Battery Swift," in honor of the late Captain Alex. J. Swift, corps of engineers, who was employed upon the construction of Fort Caswell, and who died of disease contracted in the Mexican war.

Five-inch battery, "Battery Shipp," in honor of the late First Lieutenant William E. Shipp, Tenth cavalry, killed at the battle of San Juan, Cuba.

A cable from London Tuesday night says:

A private letter received here to-day from a war correspondent at Manila, and dated June 17th, says:

"There seems to be no end of the war in sight. The censorship is constantly becoming more troublesome. General Otis recently published a rule that any matter relating to the navy must be taken to the commander of the fleet for his approval and afterward submitted to the military censor, thus adding to our difficulties.

"It is impossible to write the truth about the situation. The resources and fighting qualities of the natives are quite misunderstood by the American papers, and we cannot write the facts without being accused of treason, nor can we tell of the practically unanimous opposition to and dislike of the war among the American troops. The volunteers, or at least a portion of them, were at one time on the verge of mutiny, and unless General Otis had begun sending them homeward there would have been sensational developments.

"We have been absolutely refused all hospital figures.

The decision of Judge Moore in the Abbott-Beddingfield case, for the office of Corporation Commissioner, was Wednesday sent to Clerk of Court Ross.

This judgment is in favor of Mr. Beddingfield and Dr. Abbott is taxed with the costs of the case. Dr. Abbott appeals to the Supreme Court. He is given twenty days to make up his case on appeal, and twenty days are allowed the plaintiff to file a counter case.

A cable last week from Fort du France, Island of Martinique, says:

General Ulysses Hureaux, President of the Dominician Republic, was assassinated at Poco, Santo Mingo, at half past four o'clock this afternoon. The name of the murderer is Ramon Cameron. He succeeded in making his escape, but an energetic pursuit was at once begun, and it is probable he will soon be captured.

Vice-President General Wencoslao Figuereo, upon the announcement of the President's death, assumed the direction of affairs.

The Washington Star contains a complete list of all the census supervisors for all the States. The official list for North Carolina is as follows:

First district, Wheeler Martin, Williamston; second district, Augustus M. Moore, Greenville; third district, David J. Lewis, Whiteville; fourth district, Joseph J. Jenkins, Pittsboro; fifth district, J. T. Hoover, Hillsboro; sixth district, Walter B. Steele, High Point; seventh district, Gustavus A. Bingham; Salisbury; eighth district, Osmund F. Pool, Taylorsville; ninth district, John A. Hendricks, Marshall.

Of the nine, not one is a Democrat. In every other State the Democrats received some of the supervisors; in Kentucky four out of eleven. As North Carolina had no Democratic Senator, the Democrats were all left out in the cold.

Calaba Captured—American Loss Four Killed and Twelve Wounded.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, July 27.—Gen. Hall, with one thousand men, has captured Calaba on Laguna DeBay. The loss to the U. S. forces were four killed and twelve wounded.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

WILLING TO HELP

Securing freedom from the grip of catarrh makes loyal friends for the liberator.

Pe-ru-na has been making friends of this kind for many years. It cures catarrh wherever located.

Mrs. R. Eades, of 35 Twenty-eighth St., Detroit, Mich., is one of the many thousand of Pe-ru-na's friends. This is what she says to Dr. Hartman:

"We have used your Pe-ru-na with the most remarkable results and would not be without it. We have always recommended it to our friends. A few years ago I purchased a bottle of your Pe-ru-na and after seeing its results, recommended it to my grocer who was troubled with dyspepsia, the curing of which induced her to sell it in her store. She has sold large amounts of it. My daughter has just been cured of jaundice with Pe-ru-na. My pen would grow weary were I to begin to tell you of the numerous cures Pe-ru-na has effected in our immediate vicinity within the last couple of years."

Dr. Hartman, President of the Surgical Hotel, Columbus, Ohio, will counsel and prescribe for fifty thousand women this year free of charge. Every suffering woman should write for special question blank for women, and have Dr. Hartman's book, "Health and Beauty." All druggists sell Pe-ru-na.

Death of Mrs. Williamson.

Mrs. Laura Meade Williamson, wife of our highly esteemed and popular young citizen, Mr. Lawrence A. Williamson, died at half past ten o'clock Thursday morning, at her residence on Ramsey Street.

At this sad event our whole community is grieved. Seldom has death made such an impression upon our people. She was so well known, so loved by all who knew her, that her taking away has made a scar upon many a heart. From her childhood she has gone in and out amongst us, respected and admired by all. She was polite and courteous to every passer-by, and has made far more friends than she ever knew. Her's was, indeed, a lovely character. Daily, during her sickness, her name was on every tongue; hourly, anxious enquiries were made of her condition: and many were the kindly words which were spoken of her sweet ways and beautiful life. Today, as we have said, our whole community mourns, and heartfelt sympathy for those who are *really* bereft is on every tongue. Her life was short, but not too short to impress upon those around her the beauty and loveliness of a character which was so pure, so true, and the value of those noble traits in which her life abounded.

Friends may strew flowers on her grave, these will wither and die, but the virtues that made her life so dear will live in the hearts of those that knew her—for many a year—as a sweet smelling incense to perpetuate her memory.

The deceased lady was the daughter of Capt. and Mrs. W. E. Kyle, and was twenty-six years of age.

The funeral took place from St. John's Church at 6 o'clock, Friday afternoon.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters;' and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cts. a bottle at B. E. Sedberry & Son's drug store.

THE BEST PRESCRIPTION FOR CHILLS

and fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. Never fails to cure, then why experiment with worthless imitations? Price 50 cents. Your money back if it fails to cure.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

Heroes of the Rail

Chicago Journal.

Killed, 1,958.
Injured, 31,761.
Force engaged, less than 300,000.

Above is the year's record of an army which has never left the boundaries of the United States—the army of practical railway employes, the men who move the trains. The figures are taken from the report of the Interstate Commerce Commission, just published. They tell ther own story. The commission has gathered data showing that the danger to the trainman, the engineer, the fireman, the conductor, and the rest of the force actively employed about trains is scarcely less than that faced by the soldier in the Philippines.

The War Department has made unofficial statements showing the casualities in the Philippines since the landing of our forces a year ago. According to these figures, the total killed in action and who have died of wounds is 375. In the railroad statistics the deaths from sickness are not taken into account, so it seems proper in making this comparison to leave out the 275 deaths in the army which are credited to this cause. Figuring the size of the army at Manila at 35,000, it is seen that the ratio is but little more than one man killed in every hundred. In railroading the ratio is one man in every 150.

Unless the figures are wrong it would seem that the practical "railroader" stands more chance of being injured by an accident than the soldier does of being wounded. The total number of wounded in the Philippine service during the past year is given as 1,591. This is about one in twenty, while the proportion injured in the railway service is one in eleven.

Actual military operations have been in progress for over five months. Supposing an equal number would have been wounded if there had fighting during the rest of the year, the proportion of those wounded to the number engaged would be the same as the proportion of accidents on railroads.

These crude comparisons are enough to show that there are other heroes besides those who wear the government uniform and carry a gun. The home heroes are apt to be grimy fellows in checked shirts and greasy overalls. They are modest. They face danger every day and every hour of the day. There is little glamour about their work. There are no brass bands or cheering crowds when they go away; no flowers and banquets when they come back. The chances for winning fame are so small that they are never taken into account. Thousands of lives depend on their care and watchfulness, yet those whose lives are at stake do not know these men by name or by sight. Some one makes a mistake; the railroad private dies at his post. He may or may not be named in the newspaper. His family draws no pension. These are the heroes without glory. The every day world is full of them.

Mr. Grady's Book.

Wilmington Messenger.]

The Richmond Dispatch of the 23rd, has a brief notice of Hon. B. F. Grady's remarkably instructive work on "The Case of the South Against the North." If any one would see the necessity of such a work he should examine several recent nothern books on the south and particularly one just issued, entitled "The War for the Union," by Kinahan Cornwallis. It is said to be over-running with inaccuracies and falsehoods as to the South. The Dispatch says of the book by the able North Carolinian:

"The Hon. Mr. Grady has here furnished a good antidote to the baneful poetical twaddle of Mr. Kinahan Cornwallis in his "War for the Union." * * Now he brings all his experience and his matured powers to the vindication of the southern states, not only in regard to the subject of slavery, but in their 'long controversy with the northern states.' His examination of the historical evidence, which justifies them, has been thorough, and he has marshalled it with system and convincing force."

A Thousand Tongues

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard St., Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"it soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the Universe." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50c. and $1.00. Trial bottles free at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store; every bottle guaranteed.

NO CURE—NO PAY.

That is the way all druggists sell Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter, nauseating Tonics. Price 50c.

Thomas Rhoads, Centerfield, O., writes: "I suffered from piles seven or eight years. No remedy gave me relief until DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, less than a box of which permanently cured me." Soothing, healing, perfectly harmless. Beware of counterfeits. King Bros.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

One Minute Cough Cure, cures

That is what it was made for.

HELP YOU SELL YOUR LANDS!

The Department of Agriculture was authorized by the last General Assembly to advertise for owners such lands as may be offered it for sale. If you have Forest, Mineral, Farming or Trucking Lands, or Water Powers for sale, correspond with

JOHN W. THOMPSON,
Assistant Commissioner, in charge of Immigration, Raleigh, N. C.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

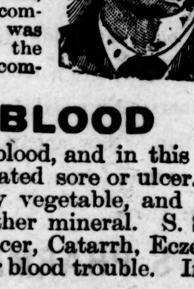
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, **New York**
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

RUNNING SORE ON HIS ANKLE.

After Six Years of Intense Suffering, Promptly Cured By S. S. S.

Obstinate sores and ulcers which refuse to heal under ordinary treatment soon become chronic and deep-seated, and are a sure sign that the entire circulation is in a depraved condition. They are a severe drain upon the system, and are constantly sapping away the vitality. In every case the poison must be eliminated from the blood, and no amount of external treatment can have any effect.

There is no uncertainty about the merits of S. S. S.; every claim made for it is backed up strongly by convincing testimony of those who have been cured by it and know of its virtues by experience.



Mr. L. J. Clark, of Orange Courthouse, Va., writes:

"For six years I had an obstinate, running ulcer on my ankle, which at times caused me intense suffering. I was so disabled for a long while that I was wholly unfit for business. One of the best doctors treated me constantly but did me no good. I then tried various blood remedies, without the least benefit. S. S. S. was so highly recommended that I concluded to try it, and the effect was wonderful. It seemed to get right at the seat of the disease and force the poison out, and I was soon completely cured." Swift's Specific—

S. S. S. FOR THE BLOOD

—drives out every trace of impurity in the blood, and in this way cures permanently the most obstinate, deep-seated sore or ulcer. It is the only blood remedy guaranteed purely vegetable, and contains not a particle of potash, mercury, or other mineral. S. S. S. cures Contagious Blood Poison, Scrofula, Cancer, Catarrh, Eczema, Rheumatism, Sores, Ulcers, Boils, or any other blood trouble. Insist upon S. S. S.; nothing can take its place.

Valuable books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

ICE-CREAM FREEZERS.

Our motto has always been to sell THE BEST. Acting on that we have purchased this season a stock of Lightning Freezers, because we believe they are the best.

Try one and you will be delighted.

WATER COOLERS.

A Water Cooler will save you about one-half your ice and give you cool drinking water all day.

We Have Some Beauties.

FISHING TACKLE.

Possibly you did not catch a lot of fish last time because you did not have good tackle. Call on us if you are going any more and you can get the right kind.

BUCK'S

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.

$15.95

GENTS' OR LADIES'.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR DOWN

Cut this ad. out and send to us with $1.00 and we will send you this [illegible] $50.00 VICUNA BICYCLE by express, C. O. D., subject to examination. Examine it at your express office and if you find it a genuine 1899 model [illegible] $50.00 [illegible] the grandest bargain you ever saw or heard of and you are convinced it is [illegible] $10.00 to $15.00 [illegible] any wheel advertised by other houses up to [illegible] pay your express agent the balance, $14.95 and express charges.

THE VICUNA IS COVERED BY A BINDING GUARANTEE. Frame is 22 or 24 inch, made from best seamless tubing, finest two-piece Denton hanger, finest full ball bearings, Mason arch crown, enameled green or maroon, highly nickel finished, Delhi padded saddle, up or down turn handle bars, best Doyle pedals, [illegible] GUARANTEED REGAL PNEUMATIC TIRES, fine leather bag, complete with all tools and repair outfit. ORDER TODAY. YOU CAN MAKE $50.00 EVERY MONTH SELLING THESE WHEELS AT $25.00. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.) CATALOGUE FREE.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

Littleton Female College,

LITTLETON, N. C.

Board, Laundry, full Literary Tuition and Library fee $132.00 for the entire scholastic year. To those applying in time the above charge may be reduced to $112.00 by one hour's work per day in Industrial Department.

The 17th Annual Session begins September 20th, 1899. For catalogue address
july 20-w2m REV. J. M. RHODES, A. M., President.

YOUR BOYS can enjoy a HEALTHFUL and BEAUTIFUL HOME, wholesome and abundant food, plenty of shade, pure water and fresh air, Faculty of seven specialists, manly outdoor sports, gymnasium, scholarships, prizes and medals and thorough Bible, classical, scientific and business courses at the

BINGHAM SCHOOL,
Orange County, N. C.

For handsome catalogue, sent free, address
PRESTON LEWIS GRAY, B. L.,
Mebane, N. C.

DAVIDSON COLLEGE,
DAVIDSON, N. C.

Sixty-third year begins September 7, 1899.

Ten professors and instructors.
Courses for A. B., B. S. and A. M.
Laboratories well equipped.
Gymnasium complete.
Water Works and Baths
Classical, Mathematical, Scientific, Literary, Biblical and Medical.
☞ Send for a catalogue.

J. B. SHEARER, President.

ATLANTA DENTAL COLLEGE,
Leading School of its kind in the SOUTH. CATALOGUE FREE TO PARTIES INTERESTED.

PEACE INSTITUTE,
RALEIGH, N. C.

One of the best female schools in the South, and the cheapest for advantages given. Send for catalogue.
JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A.

RAEFORD MILITARY INSTITUTE,
RAEFORD, N. C.,
a school of high grade for
Boys and Girls.

Prepares for college or business. Schools of music, art and elocution. Unsurpassed in beauty of location and healthfulness of climate. Military discipline for boys. Physical culture for girls.

Full faculty of experienced teachers. Expenses small compared with advantages. Fall term opens September 5th, 1899. Apply for catalogue to
DR. A. P. DICKSON,
J. W. McLAUCHLIN or
J W. ROBERTS, Ph. B.,
july 26-w5t Principal.

THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Widest patronage and fullest equipment in its history. Faculty, 38; Students, 495; 3 Academic Courses; 3 Elective Courses; 3 Professional Schools, in Law, Medicine and Pharmacy. New Buildings, Water Works, Splendid Libraries, Laboratories, etc.

Advanced Classes open to women. Tuition, $60 a year; Board, $8 a month. Ample opportunity for self help. Scholarships and Loans for the needy. Free tuition for teachers. Summer School for Teachers, 24 Instructors, 147 Students. Total enrollment 644.

For catalogue address
PRESIDENT ALDERMAN,
Chapel Hill, N. C.

The State Normal and Industrial College of North Carolina

offers to young women thorough literary, classical, scientific, and industrial education and special pedagogical training.

Annual expenses $90 to $130; for non-residents of the State $150. Faculty of 30 members. More than 400 regular students. Has matriculated about 1,700 students, representing every county in the State except one. Practice and Observation School of about 250 pupils. *To secure board in dormitories, all free tuition applications should be made before August 1.* Correspondence invited from those desiring competent trained teachers. For catalogue and other information, address PRESIDENT McIVER,
june 22-1m Greensboro, N. C.

TRINITY COLLEGE.

Forty-fifth year opens Wednesday, September 6th. Largest endowment of any College in the South. Completest Gymnasium in the State. Board $6.50 to $10.00 per month. Loan Scholarships for worthy young men. Young women admitted to all classes. Send for catalogue to
PRESIDENT KILGO,
june 24-1m Durham, N. C.

[Founded 1880.]

Claremont College,
HICKORY, N. C.,
For Girls and Young Women.

Noted health resort. Pure mountain air and water. Ten schools in one. Chartered by the State. $400 Piano given to best music graduate. Home comforts. Faculty of 14 University men and women. Students from nearly every Southern State, also from Canada, Western and Northern States. Reasonable rates. Write for catalogue. S. P. HATTON, A. M.,
President.

The STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
Fayetteville, N. C.

HISTORY.—This institution was established by the State Board of Education under an act of the General Assembly of 1876-'77, for the training of teachers for the colored schools of the State. It has completed twenty-two school years of nine months each, in which 997 different students, from sixty-eight counties of the State, have been enrolled.

LOCATION.—The location for health and availability is all that could be desired.

APARTMENTS.—Apartments for boys and girls will be separate, but comfortable and well appointed.

FACULTY.—The instructors consist of persons especially selected on account of their experience, thorough competency and peculiar fitness for the performance of the work assigned them.

EXPENSES.—Tuition free. Board very reasonable.

Next Session Opens Sept. 4th.

For further information, write the principal,

E. E. SMITH,
Fayetteville, N. C.

Blood Tells.

Yes, it is the index to health. If you have bad blood you are likely to learn that you have Rheumatism, one of the most horrible diseases to which mankind is heir. If this disease has just begun its work, or if you have been afflicted for years you should at once take the wonderful new cure,

RHEUMACIDE.

Thousands have been cured. The summer season is the best time to take a rheumatic remedy. Nature will then aid the medicine in effecting a permanent constitutional cure. People with bad blood are subject to catarrh, indigestion, and many other diseases. To be healthy the blood must be pure. RHEUMACIDE is the Prince of blood purifiers.

Sold by Druggists. Price $1.

One Minute Cough Cure, cures.
That is what it was made for.

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned, having qualified as Administrator of the estate of W. Douglas Smith, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them on or before the 17th of June, 1900. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. J. W. PURDIE, Adm'r of W. Doug. Smith.

June 17, 1899.-oaw6t

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Eliza Reddick, deceased, late of Cumberland county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the said estate to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 21st day of July, 1900, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This 21st day of July 1899.
ED. C. SMITH,
Administrator.
H. L. COOK, Att'y.

NORTH CAROLINA, } In the Superior
Cumberland County. } Court.

Annie Surles vs. Wesley Surles—Service of summons by publication.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland County, North Carolina, the purpose of the action being to obtain a decree of divorce and dissolution of the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant; and the said defendant will further take notice, that he is required to appear at the next term of the Superior court of said county, to be held at the Court House in the city of Fayetteville, on the 3rd Monday after the first Monday in September, 1899, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This 20th day of May, 1899.
A. A. McKETHAN,
Clerk of the Superior Court.
By C. G. CAIN, Deputy C. S. C.
H. L. Cook, Attorney.
may 20 oaw6t

Mortgage Foreclosure.

By virtue of the power of sale made and given in a certain mortgage executed by G. H. Henderson and wife, duly registered in Cumberland county in Book V, No. 4, page 70, the following described property will be sold to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, on

Saturday, August 26th,

1899, at 12 o'clock M., at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C, viz: Beginning at John H. Finlaytor's (now Shepherd's) north-west corner on Chatham street, in the town of Fayetteville, running with said street N. 14½ W. 251 feet; thence South 64° East 257 feet to Abram Henderson's (now Dr. Patterson's) line; thence South 22° West with said line 215 feet; thence N. 64 W. 154 feet to the beginning, containing one acre more or less, being same land conveyed by B. W. Robinson to Geo. H. Henderson by deed July 12th, 1875, and recorded in Register's office, Cumberland county, Book N, No. 3, page 96.

N. A. SINCLAIR, Attorney.
July 24, 1899.

Hides, Tallow, Beeswax. Bones, Rubber, Copper, Brass and Rags,

Much Money For You. Hides, Tallow, Beeswax, Bones, Rubber, Copper, Rags, Brass, etc., bought by W. A. CRAWFORD. It will pay you to investigate this matter. Gillespie street, Fayetteville, N. C.

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Strictly First-Class Work.

Call at my yard or write for prices.
Respectfully,
E. L. REMSBURG,
Proprietor,
Fayetteville, N. C

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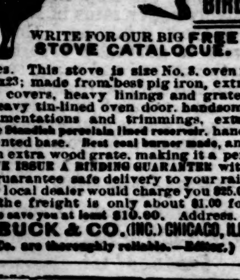
One two-year-old full blood Guernsey Bull. To be seen at my place on Haymount. Apply to
W. W. HUSKE or
H. McD. ROBINSON
June 29-dtaw-w3t.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR and this ad. and we will send you this big 325-lb. new 1899 pattern high-grade RESERVOIR COAL AND WOOD COOK STOVE, by freight C.O.D., subject to examination. Examine it at your freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory and the greatest Stove BARGAIN you ever saw or heard of, pay the FREIGHT AGENT our SPECIAL PRICE, $13.00 less the $1.00 sent with order or $12.00 and freight charges.



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(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

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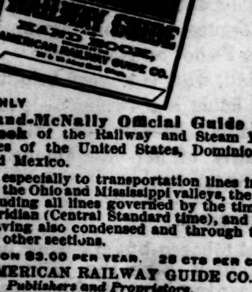

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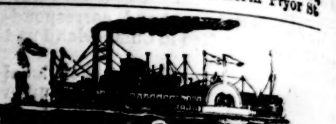

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Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road AND BRANCHES AND A. C. L. RAILROAD COMPANY OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED June 12, 1899.	No 23, Daily.	No 35, Daily.	No. 103 D'ly ex. Sunday	No 41, Daily.	No 49, Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M
Leave Weldon	11 50	9 43			
Ar Rocky Mt.	12 55	10 36			
Leave Tarboro	12 21		6 00		
Lv Rocky Mt.	1 00	10 36	5 45	5 40	12 52
Leave Wilson	1 58	11 14	7 10	6 20	2 40
Leave Selma	2 55	11 57			
Lv Fayetteville	4 30	1 10			
Ar Florence	7 25	3 15			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Ar Goldsboro	......	......	7 50	......	......
Lv Goldsboro	......	......		7 01	3 21
Lv Magnolia	......	......		8 09	4 25
Ar Wilmington	......	......		9 40	5 50
			P. M.	A. M.	P. M

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 78 Daily.	No. 102, D'ly ex. Sunday.	No 32, Daily.	No 40 Daily.	No 48. Daily
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	9 40		7 45		
Lv Fayetteville	12 20		9 45		
Leave Selma	1 50		10 54		
Arrive Wilson	2 55		11 31		
		A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington				7 00	9 45
Lv Magnolia				8 34	11 19
Lv Goldsboro		5 15		9 45	12 31
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Wilson	2 35	5 43	11 31	10 38	1 16
Ar Rocky Mt.	3 30	6 15	12 07	11 35	1 53
Ar Tarboro		7 04			
Leave Tarboro	12 31				
Lv Rocky Mt.	3 30		12 09		
Arrive Weldon	4 32		1 00		
	P. M.		A. M	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Atlantic and Yadkin Division Main Line—train leaves Wilmington, 9 00 a. m, arrives Fayetteville 12.15 p. m. Leaves Fayetteville 12.25 p. m, arrives Sanford 1.43 p. m. Returning leave Sanford 2.30 p. m, arrive Fayetteville 3.45 p. m. Leave Fayetteville 3.50 p. m, arrive Wilmingtom 6.50 p. m.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 a. m, Maxton 9.20 a. m, Red Springs 9.53 a m, Hope Mills 10.42 a. m, arrive Fayetteville 10.50. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 p. m, Hope Mills 4.55 p. m, Red Springs 5.35 p. m, Maxton 6.15 p. m, arrives Bennettsville 7.15 p. m.

Connections at Fayetteville with train No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:35 P M, Halifax 4:15 P M, arrives Scotland Neck at 5:08 P M, Greenville 6:57 P M., Kinston 7.55 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 A M., Greenville 8:52 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:18 A M, Weldon 11.33 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:10 A. M., and 2:30 P. M., arrive Parmele 9:10 A. M., and 4:00 P. M., returning leave Parmele 9:35 A. M. and 6:30 P. M., arrive Washington 11:00 A. M., and 7:30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily except Sunday at 5:30 P M, Sunday, 4:15 P M, arrives Plymouth 7:40 P M, 6:10 P M; Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 A M, and Sunday 9:00 A M, arrives Tarboro 10:05 A M., 11:00 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 7:05 A M, arriving Smithfield 8:10 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9:00 A. M; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 A M.

Trains on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9:30 A M, 3:40 p. m, arrives Nashville 10:10 A. M, 4:03 P. M, Spring Hope 10:40 a. m, 4:25 P. M. Returning leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A M, 4:55 P. M, Nashville 11:22 A. M, 5:25 P. M, arrives Rocky Mount 11 45 A. M, 6:00 P. M, daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 8:10 A M. and 4:15 P M. Returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 A M., and 10:25 A. M.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points north daily, all rail via Richmond.

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